Elasticia FIX Protocol

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Contents

1. Overview	
1.1. About this Document	
2. General Service Information	2
2.1. Data Types	2
2.2. FAST Encoding	3
2.3. Recovery	
2.4. Filtering	
2.5. Throttling Limits	
2.6. Component Blocks	5
2.7. Session Messages	6
2.8. General Application Level Messages	11
3. Order Entry Service	. 12
3.1. User Model	. 12
3.2. Action on Connection Loss	
3.3. Full Snapshot Recovery	. 13
3.4. Provider Connection	. 13
3.5. Message Overview	. 14
3.6. Parties Information	. 14
3.7. Order Messages	. 15
3.8. Quote Messages	. 24
3.9. Trade Messages	30
3.10. Financial Status Messages	40
3.11. Quote Validation	
3.12. Quote on Demand	42
4. Market Data Service	42
4.1. Full Snapshot Recovery	43
4.2. Message Overview	43
4.3. Component Blocks	44
4.4. Security Messages	. 46
4.5. Market Structure Messages	50
4.6. Market Data Messages	. 53
4.7. Corporate Action Messages	. 59
5. MiFID II Regulatory fields	
5.1. Post trade transparency	
5.2. Order Record Keeping	62

1. Overview

The NGM FIX protocol is the main protocol for communicating with the NGM trading system. The following standard protocols are used:

- FIX 5.0 Service Pack 2 for application level messages.
- FIX session protocol FIXT 1.1 for maintaining FIX sessions.
- FIX Classic (tag-value) is supported for message encoding.

- FAST 1.1 (FIX Adapted for STreaming) is supported for message encoding. In this case FAST SCP 1.1 (Session Control Protocol), level 2 (hello, alert and reset messages) is used for managing FAST sessions.
- TCP is used as the underlying reliable transport protocol.

Two services are offered to the user; *Order Entry* for order management, order status, trade reporting and similar tasks, and a *Market Data* for market data, reference data and other information. Message filtering allows a user to limit which messages can be sent or will be received on a service.

1.1. About this Document

The reader of this document should be somewhat familiar with the FIX protocol. Any non-standard FIX fields or changes from the FIX standard are <u>clearly highlighted</u>. Whenever the FIX protocol specification is unclear or something must be bilaterally agreed it is also described in this document.

- Section 1 (this section) gives an overview of the NGM FIX protocol.
- Section 2 describes the parts of the protocol that are common across all services, including the session layer.
- Section 3 explains the order entry service which is used for orders, quotes and trades.
- **Section 4** explains the market data service which is used for dissemination of market data and reference data.
- **Section 5** explains how regulatory fields are used.

2. General Service Information

This section describes the parts of the protocol that are common across all services.

2.1. Data Types

Throughout this document, the FIX data types are used for documentation in message tables, with the following exceptions and clarifications:

- **uint32** and **uint64**: corresponds to FIX type int and FAST types ulnt32 and ulnt64.
- decimal: corresponds to FIX type float and FAST type decimal.
- String: Any 7-bit ASCII except the <SOH> delimiter (0x01). Corresponds to FIX type String and FAST type String with charset "ascii" (7-bit).
- **UnicodeString**: Unicode string that corresponds to FIX types data and XMLData (UTF-8), and FAST type String with charset "unicode".
- char: mapped to FAST ulnt32 containing the ASCII value of the char.
- **UTCTimestampMicros**: corresponds to FIX UTCTimestamp (with micro second resolution) and FAST uInt64 encoded as microseconds since January 1, 1970 UTC, without leap seconds (POSIX compliant).
- Length: A ulnt32 value that specifies the number of bytes in the corresponding data field.

In FIX several types are used for enumerations: integer, char and String. In the documentation these enum types will be differentiated by single quotes around char enums, e.g. 'I' means 49, and double quotes around String enums.

2.1.1. Identifiers and Maximum String Lengths

Identifiers generated by the exchange only contain characters $\tt A-Z, 0-9$ and $\tt +-:.,?$ with the maximum length 16.

The following client-assigned fields are restricted to 7-bit ASCII printable characters (0x20 - 0x7f), with maximum lengths as defined below:

- ClordID 32 bytes.
- QuoteMsgID 32 bytes.
- TradeReportID 32 bytes.
- Account 255 bytes.
- PartySubID person in one-party-for-pass-thru trades, 255 bytes.

2.2. FAST Encoding

FAST 1.1 message encoding is provided. FAST SCP (Session Control Protocol) 1.1 level 2 is used as a thin layer on top of TCP which is used as the transport protocol. The FAST SCP 1.1 level 2 provides messages like *Hello*, *Alert* and *Reset* for logon, notification and FAST specific functionality such as dictionary reset.

A FAST stream can be sent as a sequence of messages or *blocks* where each block consists of a sequence of messages, in addition a *block size* is preceding each block. NGM uses blocks with one message per block. The block size value specifies the size in bytes of the following message, not including the size of the actual block size field. According to FAST 1.1, the block size should be an unsigned integer that may be overlong, NGM has chosen to encode the block size as a 4 byte overlong unsigned integer.

2.2.1. FAST Templates

The FAST templates specifies how messages are encoded. Static FAST templates are used and any changes to the templates are considered a protocol change.

FAST templates need to be mapped to FIX messages. The following mapping rules are used.

- Message level: FIX message name as appearing in the FIX repository (e.g. "NewOrderSingle") = FAST application type (typeRef).
- Field level: FIX field tag = FAST field auxiliary identifier.
- Type conversion: No type conversion is made. E.g. a FIX field of string type requires that the corresponding FAST field is also of string type.
- Missing fields in FAST: If a FIX field is missing in the FAST template, the field is assumed to be absent. This is only valid for optional FIX fields.
- Extra fields in FAST: If the FAST template contains a field that cannot be mapped to a FIX field, it is parsed and ignored.
- Sequence fields: Sequence fields in FAST are mapped to the corresponding *NoXXX* field in FIX, e.g. for *NoSides* (552) the FAST sequence auxiliary identifier should be 552.
- Group fields in FAST: FAST group fields are flattened before mapping to FIX.
- Dynamic template ref in FAST: Not supported/used.

Because of this mapping, the FIX field *MsgType* is not really required for message type identification in the FAST context.

2.3. Recovery

During session initialization, message gaps can occur. These are detected by observing the message sequence number. In these cases two recovery mechanisms are supported; message recovery and full snapshot recovery. Message recovery is the preferred way to quickly recover a few lost messages. In certain cases a session reset is required, e.g. too long time since last connection or disaster recovery (e.g. lost session state). After a reset the client must do a full snapshot recovery.

Message recovery is only accepted during logon by observing the *NextExpectedMsgSeqNum* field. Note that the *ResendRequest* message is not supported. See Section 2.7.1, "Logon (A)" for more information and message scenarios.

During full snapshot recovery the client should expect unsolicited updates mixed with snapshot replies, especially if a snapshot is requested intraday. It is guaranteed that the last message received is always the most recent one, regardless if it is a snapshot reply or an unsolicited update.

2.4. Filtering

For users requiring limited information, functionality or privileges, filtering can be applied to control what can be sent by the exchange or the user. Filtering configuration is performed by contacting the exchange.

For each data class, the following filter rules exist (based on roles):

- All The user can send operations, receive live changes and request snapshots. This is the default.
- **Read-only** The user can only receive live changes and request snapshots.
- **None** The user cannot send operations nor receive any data.

Unauthorized operations will be rejected with the *Business Message Reject* message with *Business-RejectReason* set to 6 (Not Authorized).

All messages are sent to all users in the trader group except snapshot replies, rejects and session control messages (logon replies and such). As such clients should be aware they will receive the replies (execution reports, trade capture reports and so forth) generated by their peers activities in the market. If this is undesired the user should be in its own trader group or use filtering. Having a private trader group is used if one user does not wish to get information about his peers activities in the market but only his own. Filtering is used if the user wishes to see only certain information, for example only trades, but from all users in the trader group.

What messages are included in each chapter is defined in the messages overview section in each service chapter.

2.5. Throttling Limits

Each FIX session has throttling limits on:

- Inbound rate
- Outstanding requests

The inbound rate throttle, limits the number of messages that can be sent to the exchange per second. The throughput counter is reset each second (i.e. not a sliding window). When the throughput exceeds the limit, a *Business Message Reject* message is sent and any additional messages are *delayed* until the next second.

The outstanding request throttle, limits the number of outstanding requests that can be sent to the exchange, without receiving a response on the previous requests. The outstanding request counter is calculated in the FIX gateway, and incremented on requests and decremented on responses. When the number of outstanding requests exceeds the limit, a *Business Message Reject* message is sent (max once a second) and any additional messages are *delayed* until any previous request has got a response.

The delaying of the operations is performed at the TCP level, resulting in queues first in the exchange TCP buffer, then in the client side TCP buffer and finally in the client side application code. This means that the easiest way of avoiding delays is simply not to exceed the throughput limit. Continuous monitoring of the delay of operations is another approach.

The throttle limits that are used for your FIX session is only available offline (outside the protocol), i.e. contact the exchange for more information.

2.6. Component Blocks

2.6.1. Standard Header

The Standard Header is included in all FIX messages.

The *CompID* fields denotes the member or trader group on one side, and the marketplace or market data channel on the other side. The *Sender-* and *TargetCompID* pair identifies a FIX session.

For inbound messages (to the marketplace):

- SenderCompID denotes the member or trader group.
- TargetCompID denotes the marketplace (or market data channel).

For outbound messages (from the marketplace):

- SenderCompID denotes the marketplace (or market data channel).
- *TargetCompID* denotes the member or trader group.

For inbound messages when sending messages via third party firm (service provider connection):

- SenderCompID denotes the member or trader group of the service connection.
- TargetCompID denotes the marketplace (or market data channel).
- OnBehalfOfCompID denotes the member or trader group of the origin firm.

For outbound messages (from the marketplace) when addressing a member via a third party firm (service provider connection):

- SenderCompID denotes the marketplace (or market data channel).
- *TargetCompID* denotes the member or trader group of the service connection.
- *DeliverToCompID* denotes the member or trader group of the destination firm.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
34	MsgSeqNum	uint64	Y
	Message sequence number.		
49	SenderCompID	String	Y
	Identifies sender firm (and trader group).		

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
56	TargetCompID	String	Y	
	Identifies target firm (and trader group).			
115	OnBehalfOfCompID	String	Ν	
	Identifies sending firm, used when sending messages via a third party.			
128	DeliverToCompID	String	Ν	
	Identifies target firm, used when sending messages via a third party.			
52	SendingTime	UTCTimestampMicros	Y	
	Time of message transmission.			

2.6.2. Security Ref

The Security Ref component block is used to identify a security. Securities (order books) are always identified by a marketplace assigned identifier. This identifier is, together with other identifiers (e.g. ISIN and symbol), published in Security Definition Update Report and Security List messages.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
48	SecurityID	String	N
	Security identifier of type specified in SecurityIDSource.		
22	SecurityIDSource	char	N
	Identifies the class of SecurityID. Only Ma in this context. 'M'=Marketplace-assigned identifier '4'=ISIN '8'=Exchange Symbol 'D'=Valoren	rketplace-assigned identi	fier is allowed

2.7. Session Messages

The standard FIX transport is used for maintaining FIX sessions with some exceptions.

FIX session sequence numbers (*MsgSeqNum*) starts at 1 and are normally never reset by the exchange, not even at midnight. Instead, they are incremented forever. 24/7 connectivity is supported, but *MsgSeqNum* cannot be reset during a connection. This means that *SequenceReset* with reset is not supported, nor is exchange of *Logon* messages during a session (i.e. after the first *Logon*). The *MsgSeqNum* may be reset (to 1) at logon if desired. The *MsgSeqNum* is represented as a 64-bit integer.

The *NextExpectedMsgSeqNum* field is used to resynchronize a FIX session upon logon. Because of this and due to the fact that TCP is used as the underlying (reliable) transport protocol the *ResendRequest* message is not needed nor supported.

Note that if no Logon message is received within a certain time, the connection will be closed.

2.7.1. Logon (A)

The *Logon* message is used to initiate a FIX session. When connecting to NGM the following values should be set as follows:

HeartBeatInterval	10 seconds.
SenderCompID	As configured for the FIX session.
TargetCompID	As configured for the FIX session.

Username

Specifies the user to logon.

The Logon message is a part of the message recovery mechanism. The NextExpectedMsgSeqNum field is used to resynchronize a FIX session upon logon. By observing this field each party can detect which messages need to be resent to the other party.

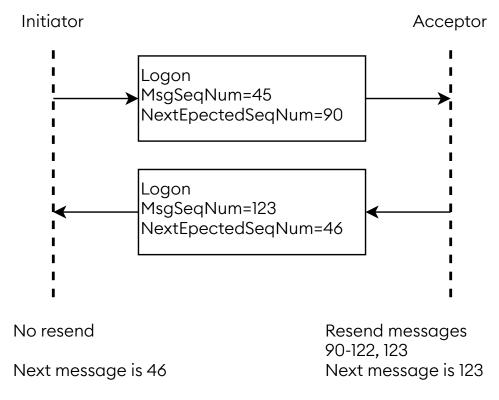
If the acceptor (the exchange) detects an error/mismatch in the Logon message received it replies with a *Logout* message with any of the following SessionStatus values:

Session state is lost	see Section 2.3, "Recovery".
Message recovery not avail- able	the initiator need messages too far in the past to be resent.
NextExpectedMsgSeqNum is too high	the session state is broken. This indicates some kind of error (e.g. software error, human error).
MsgSeqNum is too low	the session state is broken. This indicates some kind of error (e.g. software error, human error).
Incorrect reset	the sequence number is not set to one when resetting the session.

If the initiator receives any of these errors from the acceptor or detects an error/mismatch in the Logon message received it should disconnect and reconnect with logon reset followed by a full snapshot recovery. The last two SessionStatus codes indicates some other problem that should also be investigated, but the same recovery procedure is still valid.

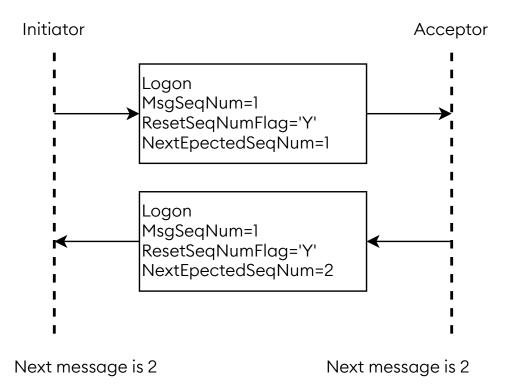
The figure below shows an example logon scenario. Any messages that need to be resent are sent directly after the logon messages has been exchanged. The Logon message with MsgSeqNum=123 is resent as a gap-fill directly after the messages 90-122 have been resent.

Figure 1. Logon procedure with automatic retransmission of messages.



If the initiator want to reset the session it can logon with the ResetSeqNumFlag set (see figure below). The MsgSeqNum must then also be reset to 1 in the initiator's Logon message. The acceptor will also respond with the ResetSeqNumFlag set and MsgSeqNum set to 1. From that point on both parties will continue with sequence number 2.

Figure 2. A reset requested by the initiator.



Logon:

- is replied to with a Logon message
- can be rejected with a Logout message, with SessionStatus set to the reject reason
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to A
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the Logon message

Logon is sent:

• in reply to a *Logon* message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>			
98	EncryptMethod	uint32	Y	
	Method of encryption. 0=None / Other			
108	HeartBtInt	uint32	Y	
	Heartbeat interval (seconds).			
1137	DefaultApplVerID	String	Y	
	Valid value: "FIXLatest".			
141	ResetSeqNumFlag	char	N	
	Indicates both sides of a FIX session should reset sequence numbers. Absence means 'N'. 'N'=No			

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	'Y'=Yes, reset sequence numbers		
789	NextExpectedMsgSeqNum	uint64	Y
	Message sequence number gap detection.		
553	Username	String	N
554	Password	String	N

2.7.2. Logout (5)

The *Logout* message initiates or confirms the termination of a FIX session. The logout initiator should wait for the opposite side to respond with a confirming logout message before disconnecting.

Logout:

- is replied to with a *Logout* message, with SessionStatus set to 4 (LogoutComplete)
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to 5
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the Logout message

Logout is sent:

- in reply to a *Logout* message, with SessionStatus set to 4 (LogoutComplete)
- to reject a Logon message, with SessionStatus set to the reject reason

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>			
1409	SessionStatus	uint32	Ν	
	Session status at time of logout. 4= Session logout complete 5= Invalid username or password 6= Account Locked 7= Logons are not allowed at this time 9= Initiators MsgSeqNum is too low. 10= Initiators NextExpectedMsgSeqNum 100= Requested history is not available. 103= Acceptor has lost the session state. 104= Initiators MsgSeqNum must be equa	-	session.	
58	Text	String	Ν	

2.7.3. Test Request (1)

The Test Request message is used for requesting a Heartbeat message to establish that the session is alive. When receiving a Test Request, you should reply with a Heartbeat with the TestReqID field set to the value contained in the received Test Request message. Note that Test Request should not be sent unless it's necessary, that is, when you haven't sent any message (not just Test Request and Heartbeat) for HeartBtInt seconds.

Any message you send is an indication that you're alive and any message you receive is an indication that the sender is alive.

TestRequest:

- is replied to with a Heartbeat message, with TestReqID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to 1
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the TestRequest message

TestRequest is sent:

• unsolicited, when you haven't received any message (not just TestRequest or Heartbeat messages) from the peer for HeartBtInt seconds.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
112	TestReqID	String	Y

2.7.4. Heartbeat (0)

Heartbeat sent either unsolicited or as a reply to a *Test Request* message. When receiving a *Heartbeat*, you should not reply to it. This also means that you won't receive a reply from the peer after sending a *Heartbeat*. Note that *Heartbeat* shouldn't be sent unless necessary, that is, when you haven't sent any message (not just *Test Request* and *Heartbeat*) for HeartBtInt seconds.

Any message you send is an indication that you're alive and any message you receive is an indication that the sender is alive.

Heartbeat is sent:

- unsolicited, when you haven't sent any message (not just TestRequest or Heartbeat messages) to the peer for HeartBtInt seconds.
- in reply to a TestRequest message, with TestReqID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
112	TestReqID	String	Ν

2.7.5. SequenceReset (4)

The Sequence Reset message is only used for sending gap fills during message retransmission.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
123	GapFillFlag	char	Ν
	'Y'=Gap Fill Message, Msg Seq Num Field Valid		
36	NewSeqNo	uint64	Y
	Next sequence number.		

2.7.6. Reject (3)

Session level reject message.

Reject is sent:

• to reject any message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the rejected message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>			
45	RefSeqNum	uint64	Y	
	MsgSeqNum of the rejected message.			
372	RefMsgType	String	Ν	
	The FIX type of the message being reference	ced.		
371	RefTagID	uint32	N	
	The FIX field being referenced.			
373	SessionRejectReason	uint32	N	
	1=Required Tag Missing 5=Value is incorrect (out of range) for this to 6=Incorrect data format for value 9=CompID problem 10=SendingTime Accuracy Problem 11=Invalid MsgType 14=Tag specified out of required order 99=Other	ag		
58	Text	String	Ν	
	Error message.			

2.8. General Application Level Messages

2.8.1. Business Message Reject (j)

The Business Message Reject message can reject an application-level message which fulfills session level rules and cannot be rejected via any other means.

BusinessMessageReject is sent:

• to reject any message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to MsgType of the rejected message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>	/	
372	RefMsgType	String	Y
	The MsgType (35) of the FIX message bei	ng referenced.	
379	BusinessRejectRefID	String	Ν
	The value of the business-level "ID" field c	on the message being referen	nced.
380	BusinessRejectReason	uint32	Y
	Code to identify reason for a Business Me 0=Other 1=Unknown ID 2=Unknown Security 3=Unknown Message Type 4=Application not available 5=Conditionally required field missing 6=Not Authorized 7=DeliverTo firm not available at this time 18=Invalid price increment		
58	Text	String	N

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	Where possible, message to explain reaso	on for rejection	

3. Order Entry Service

The order entry service is used for sending trading operations to and receiving trading related updates from the exchange. The traffic is of a mixed interactive and non-interactive "multicast" nature. Interactive since information is sent from the exchange in direct response to an operation from the user. Non-interactive since information is also sent spontaneously (not in direct response to a request from the user) from the exchange. Multicast since the same information is sent to a group of users of the service rather than a specific user (drop copies).

Examples of interactive traffic include creation and management of orders and registration of manual trades. Examples of non-interactive traffic include trades (which happen "spontaneously" seen from the perspective of the passive party). An example of multicast traffic includes order updates for orders created by another user in the same trader group. An example of non-multicast traffic is replies to snapshot requests.

As a consequence of the non-interactive and multicast properties of the service, data (typically trades) is pushed to a user's session even when a user is offline. No subscription requests are required nor supported by the service. Instead, a user needs to synchronize with the service when logging on, either on the session level (by requesting retransmission of lost messages) or on the application level (by requesting snapshots).

3.1. User Model

The user model in the order entry service is divided into three levels; organization, trader group and user. Within the organization level orders are matched as internal trades. An organization can have one or more trader groups, which in turn can have one or more users.

Ownership of orders and trades lies on the trader group level, and changes to this data is sent to *all* users within the trader group. This means that users within the same trader group can see and modify each other's orders and trades, and receive the result of each other's operations.

Each user has a separate FIX session to the private service. A snapshot request will only affect the session that requested it.

For example a backup system (hot standby) should be part of the same trader group as the primary system, and will receive drop copies of the result of the operations that the primary system sends to the exchange.

For example if an organization has two different systems, e.g. one for quotation and another for client orders, they can be put into different trading groups to minimize interference of each other. They will still benefit from internal trades as long as they are part of the same organization.

3.2. Action on Connection Loss

The trading system has a mechanism for handling "unmanaged orders" (and quotes) when a user loses its connection. The mechanism is used to ensure that the organization does not end up in a situation where the market is changing rapidly while the organization has orders or quotes in the market that they are not able to control, because of a network problem, or a hardware crash for example.

The mechanism is activated if a user is disconnected for any reason (except logging out normally) and the disconnected user was the only logged in user in its trader group with order (or quote) managing privileges, which is decided from the filtering settings for the user.

The action performed when the mechanism is activated can be configured individually for each order (see *ExecInst* in the Order component block and be set to delete or do nothing with the order.

The action for quotes is always delete. The action is only executed if the security is ready to trade (open).

Note that if a client stops sending heartbeat messages as requested it will be disconnected which in turn can trigger the action on connection loss mechanism.

3.3. Full Snapshot Recovery

On the order entry service snapshots can be requested for the following:

- **Orders** See the Order Mass Status Request message in Section 3.7.7, "Order Mass Status Request (AF)".
- **Quotes** See the *Quote Status Request* message in Section 3.8.6, "Quote Status Request (a)". An alternative is to cancel all quotes instead of requesting a snapshot. However, the time priority of quotes will be lost and all other users within the same trader group will be affected by the quote cancellations.
- **Trades** See the *Trade Capture Report Request* message in Section 3.9.6, "Trade Capture Report Request (AD)".

3.4. Provider Connection

A FIX connection can serve as a provider connection 'on behalf of' a member who does not have its' own connection to NGM. One single provider connection may serve multiple members.

The provider connection will use the field *OnBehalfOfCompID* to distinguish the serviced organisations when sending messages to the NGM exchange. Outbound messages will contain information in the field *DeliverToCompID* which refers to the *OnBehalfOfCompID* field of the inbound messages.

A provider may send orders, quotes and trades on behalf of another member.

Note that a provider account needs explicit authorization by NGM for each member and user it will serve as *OnBehalfOf*.

3.4.1. Supported messages

Inbound messages allowed for usage of OnBehalfOfCompID:

- NewOrderSingle
- OrderCancelReplaceRequest
- OrderCancelRequest
- Quote
- QuoteCancel
- TradeCaptureReport

Outbound messages using *DeliverToCompID*:

- ExecutionReport
- TradeCaptureReport
- OrderCancelReject
- QuoteStatusReport

• BusinessMessageReject

3.5. Message Overview

The following messages can be sent/received by the client to/from the order entry service. Depending on the role only a subset of the following messages may be sent/received.

Table 1. Message overview.

Message	Class	All?	Read- only?
NewOrderSingle	Order	send	recv
OrderCancelReplaceRequest	Order	send	
OrderCancelRequest	Order	send	
ExecutionReport	Order	recv	
OrderCancelReject	Order	recv	recv
OrderMassStatusRequest	Order	send	send
Quote QuoteCancel QuoteStatusReport QuoteRequest QuoteStatusRequest	Quote Quote Quote Quote Quote	send send recv recv send	recv recv send
TradeCaptureReport	Trade	both	recv
TradeCaptureReportAck	Trade	recv	recv
TradeCaptureReportRequest	Trade	send	send
TradeCaptureReportRequestAck	Trade	recv	recv
UserSecurityStatusUpdateRequest	Security status	send	recv
UserSecurityStatusUpdateResponse	Security status	recv	

The following are examples of roles that could suit certain systems that do not wish to receive all data.

Back-office system	that only need drop copies of trades from other users in the same trader group: Order=none, Quote=none, Trade=read-only.
Mass quoting system	that do not need to see (client) orders: Order=none, Quote=all, Trade=all.
Client order system	that only manage client orders (not quotes) and that do submit manual trades: Order=all, Quote=none, Trade=all.

3.6. Parties Information

Orders, quotes and trades contains parties information. The parties information can be split up in two broad data sets:

Regulatory Information	Regulatory information about the parties behind the order, quote or trade using short codes. Only revealed to the owner, and copied from orders and quotes to trade when they are matched.
Counterparty Identification	Identifies member and/or user group of buy and sell sides of a trade. Revealed to both sides. For manual trade reporting, an optional name of the trader may be specified.

3.6.1. Regulatory Parties Information

For EU markets it is mandatory to provide party information on orders, quotes and manually reported trades. See Section 5.2, "Order Record Keeping" for more information.

The following party roles are used for regulatory party information:

- ClientID (3)
- Executing trader (12)
- Investment decision maker (122)

The regulatory party information is specified with the following fields:

- PartyIDSource (447) Always ShortCodeIdentifier (P)
- PartyID (448) The short code value
- PartyRoleQualifier (2376) The role qualifier

PartySubIDs (802) is not used in this context.

3.6.2. Counterparty Identification

In Trade Capture Reports there is a need to identify the own side and the counterparty firm. This applies to following party roles:

- Buyer/Seller (27) The initiator side
- Contra Firm (17) The counterparty side

The party identification values are specified with the following fields:

- PartyIDSource (447) Always CustomCode (D)
- PartyID (448) The member code
- PartySubID (523) Usage depends on PartySubIDType (803):
 - System (3) The full trader group code (defaults to member code)
 - Person (2) Optional: The name (or email etc.) of the trader/desk, for routing in the one-party-for-pass-thru model.

PartyRoleQualifier (2376) is not used in this context.

3.7. Order Messages

An order can be identified in a number of ways:

- **CIOrdID** Client assigned identifier (mandatory). It must be unique within a security and trader group. This identifier must change each time the client updates the order and thus denotes a revision of the order.
- OrderID Market place assigned identifier which does not change during the lifetime of the order.
- **SecondaryOrderID** Reference to the current *MDEntryID* in the market data which identifies the order. This identifier is only present for orders that are visible in the market data and it may change whenever the order is seen as a new order in the market data (e.g. refills of iceberg orders).

Either OrigClOrdID or OrderID is required for order modification and deletion. Usage of Orig-ClOrdID allows for chaining of order operations.

3.7.1. Order Component Block

This component block is used to define an order.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
54	Side	char	Y
	'1'=buy '2'=sell		
10	OrdType	char	Ν
	'1'=market '2'=limit		
14	Price	decimal	Ν
	Required for limit orders.		
38	OrderQty	decimal	Ν
138	DisplayQty	decimal	Ν
	Displayed quantity on iceberg/reser	ve order.	
083	DisplayWhen	char	Ν
	Instructs when to refresh DisplayQty. '1'=Immediate (after each fill) '2'=Exhaust (when DisplayQty = 0)	/	
1084	DisplayMethod	char	Ν
	Defines what value to use in Display(playMethod is '1'. '1'=Initial (use original DisplayQty) '2'=New (use RefreshQty)	Qty. If not specified the default Di	S-
1088	RefreshQty	decimal	Ν
59	TimeInForce	char	Ν
	Absence means '0'. '0'=Session '1'=Good Till Cancel(GTC) '3'=Immediate Or Cancel (IOC) '4'=Fill Or Kill (FOK) '6'=Good Till Date (GTD) 'B'=Good For Auction (GFA). An order that is valid for an auction if for examples.	initiated by a trading firm, see Au	ctionType
126	ExpireTime	UTCTimestampMicros	Ν
60	TransactTime	UTCTimestampMicros	Ν
	When this order request was created	•	
	Account	String	Ν
	Account information that will be ech		
18	ExecInst	MultipleCharValue	N
	Instructions for order handling (sepa 'd'=Sweep Order Book. Custom value	rated with spaces). Valid values:	
	'o'=Cancel on connection loss		
529	'o'=Cancel on connection loss OrderRestrictions	MultipleCharValue	N
529			Ν

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	Conditionally required for auction orders.		
	100=Quote on demand auto execute or co	ancel. <mark>Custom value.</mark>	

3.7.2. New Order Single (D)

The New Order Single message is used to create a new order. The response is always an *Execution* Report, including rejects.

NewOrderSingle:

- is replied to with an *ExecutionReport* message, with ClOrdID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with an *ExecutionReport* message, with ExecType set to '8' (Rejected) and ClOrdID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to D
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the NewOrderSingle message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>			
11	ClOrdID	String	Y	
	component block <securityref></securityref>			
	component block <order></order>			
528	OrderCapacity	char	Ν	
	Designates the capacity of the firm placin 'P'=Principal (Deal) 'R'=Riskless principal (Matched) 'A'=Agency (Any other capacity)	ng the order. <mark>Absence mear</mark>	is 'R'.	
1724	OrderOrigination	uint32	Ν	
	Identifies the origin of the order. Absence means non DEA. 5=Order received from a direct access or sponsored access customer			
2593	NoOrderAttributes	Sequence	Ν	
2594	→OrderAttributeType	uint32	Y	
	2=Liquidity provision activity order (when together with OrderAttributeValue=Y, it signifies that the order was submitted "as part of market making strategy pur- suant to articles 17 and 18 of Directive 2014/65/EU"). 3=Risk reduction order (when together with OrderAttributeValue=Y, it signifies that the commodity derivative order is a transation "to reduce risk in an objec- tively measurable way in accordance with Article 57 of Directive 2014/65/EU"). 5=Systematic internalizer order (when together with OrderAttributeValue=Y, it signifies that the order is submitted by a systematic internalizer).			
	signifies that the order is submitted by a s			
2595				
2595	signifies that the order is submitted by a s	ystematic internalizer). String	alue=Y, it Y	
2595 453	signifies that the order is submitted by a s →OrderAttributeValue The value associated with the attribute ty	ystematic internalizer). String	alue=Y, it Y	
	signifies that the order is submitted by a s →OrderAttributeValue The value associated with the attribute ty Must be "Y".	ystematic internalizer). String pe specified in OrderAttribu	alue=Y, it Y iteType.	

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	'P'=Short code identifier, represented as translation must be reported outside pro		r. Short code	
452	→PartyRole	uint32	Y	
	3=ClientID 12=Executing trader 122=Investment decision maker 17=Contra Firm 27=Buyer/Seller			
2376	→PartyRoleQualifier	uint32	Ν	
	22=Algorithm 23=Firm or legalEntity 24=Natural person			
802	→NoPartySubIDs	Sequence	N	
523	→→PartySubID	String	Y	
803	→→PartySubIDType	uint32	Y	
	Used to indicate the counter party trade HandlingInstr='3'. Also used to further id 2=Person 3=System (trader group)		rt when Trade-	

3.7.3. Order Cancel/Replace Request (G)

The Order Cancel/Replace Request (a.k.a. Order Modification Request) is used to replace an existing order (i.e. not filled or removed). Side or security cannot be changed in an order.

The modification is replied to with an *Execution Report* if successful. Otherwise, an *Order Cancel Reject* message is sent.

OrderCancelReplaceRequest:

- is replied to with an *ExecutionReport* message, with ClOrdID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with an OrderCancelReject message, with ClOrdID set to the value in the request message and CxIRejReason set to the reject reason
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to G
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the OrderCancelReplaceRequest message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
37	OrderID	String	N
41	OrigClOrdID	String	N
11	ClOrdID	String	Y
	component block <securityref></securityref>		
	component block <order></order>		

3.7.4. Order Cancel Request (F)

The Order Cancel Request is used to cancel an existing order.

The cancelation is replied to with an *Execution Report* if successful. Otherwise, an *Order Cancel Reject* message is sent.

OrderCancelRequest:

- is replied to with an *ExecutionReport* message, with ClOrdID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with an OrderCancelReject message, with ClOrdID set to the value in the request message and CxIRejReason set to the reject reason
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to F
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the OrderCancelRequest message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
37	OrderID	String	Ν
41	OrigClOrdID	String	Ν
11	ClOrdID	String	Y
	component block <securityref></securityref>		
60	TransactTime	UTCTimestampMicros	Y
	When this order was cancelled.	1	

3.7.5. Execution Report (8)

If an order is (partially) filled upon hitting the order book only one *Execution Report* will be sent, with execution type *New* and order status (*Partially*) *Filled*. For partially filled IOC (Immediate or cancel) and FoK (Fill or kill) orders that are executed directly, one *Execution Report* will be generated with execution type *New* and order status *Cancelled* where the field *CumQty* holds the partial fill volume.

When *WorkingIndicator* is set to 'N', the order operation has been received but not yet executed. In this case any (partially) fills are delayed until the *WorkingIndicator* is changed to 'Y'. An order with *WorkingIndicator* set to 'N' can be modified and deleted as normal.

In case of multiple fills of an order in a single match operation, only one *Execution Report* will be sent for all partial fills. Pending order states are not used. Also the *Done for day* state is never sent for orders, since this can be concluded by observing the security status.

In case of a canceled trade, any orders that were part of the trade will not be restated. The trade cancel is notified only through a *Trade Capture Report* message, no *Execution Report* message is sent.

ExecutionReport is sent:

- unsolicited, when the order is updated, for example when it is part of a matching operation or expires
- in reply to a NewOrderSingle message, with ClOrdID set to the value in the request message
- to reject a *NewOrderSingle* message, with ExecType set to '8' (Rejected) and ClOrdID set to the value in the request message
- in reply to an OrderCancelReplaceRequest message, with ClOrdID set to the value in the request message
- in reply to an OrderCancelRequest message, with ClOrdID set to the value in the request message

• in reply to an OrderMassStatusRequest message, with MassStatusReqID set to the value in the request message and ExecType set to 'I' (OrderStatus)

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>			
7	ExecID	String	Y	
	Unique identifier of execution message, or '	'0'' for ExecType='I' (Or	der Status).	
150	ЕхесТуре	char	Y	
	'0'=New '4'=Canceled '5'=Replaced '8'=Rejected 'C'=Expired 'F'=Trade (partial fill or fill) 'I'=Order Status			
	component block <securityref></securityref>			
	component block <order></order>			
37	OrderID	String	Y	
278	MDEntryID	String	Ν	
	Reference to the MDEntryID of this order in	the market data.		
11	ClOrdID	String	Ν	
	Conditionally required when this message is	s a response to a submi	itted order.	
41	OrigClOrdID	String	Ν	
	Conditionally required when not unsolicited '5' (Replaced).	l and ExecType is '4' (Co	anceled) or	
39	OrdStatus	char	Y	
	'0'=New '1'=Partially filled '2'=Filled '4'=Canceled '8'=Rejected 'C'=Expired '3'=Done for day			
636	WorkingIndicator	char	N	
	Indicates if the order is currently being work		Status = "New	
	and OrdStatus = "Partially filled". Absence means 'Y'.			
	'Y'=Order is currently being worked. 'N'=Order has been accepted but not yet in	a workina state.		
151	LeavesQty	decimal	Y	
4	CumQty	decimal	Y	
1093	LotType	char	N	
	Defines the lot type assigned to the order. '1'=Odd Lot '2'=Round Lot			
6	AvgPx	decimal	Ν	
	Average traded price.			
103	OrdRejReason	uint32	N	
	Code to identify reason for order rejection. 1=Unknown symbol 2=Exchange closed		I	

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req		
	5=Unknown order 6=Duplicate Order (e.g. dupe ClOrdID) 18=Invalid price increment 99=Other 100=Orders not allowed in knockout state 101=Buy orders not allowed in knockout b 103=Buy orders not allowed in buyback s 104=Sell orders not allowed in distribution 107=Order breached pre trade control vol 109=Value less than reserve order minimu 110=Reserve order not allowed. 111=Order breached pre trade control vol	ouyback state tate n state rice limit alue limit um value.			
378	ExecRestatementReason	uint32	Ν		
	Reason for an Execution Report message licited cancel. 0=GT corporate action 12=Cancel on connection loss 100=Book cleared 101=Volatility guard 102=Cancel because of changed trading 99=Other		an unso-		
20028	OrderPriority	uint64	Ν		
	Indicates the priority of the order in the c on the same level. Higher value means lo		other orders		
528	OrderCapacity	char	Ν		
	Designates the capacity of the firm place 'P'=Principal (Deal) 'R'=Riskless principal (Matched) 'A'=Agency (Any other capacity)	ing the order.			
1724	OrderOrigination	uint32	Ν		
		Identifies the origin of the order. Absence means non DEA. 5=Order received from a direct access or sponsored access customer			
2593	NoOrderAttributes	Sequence	Ν		
2594	→OrderAttributeType	uint32	Y		
	2=Liquidity provision activity order (when together with OrderAttributeValues it signifies that the order was submitted "as part of market making strategy p suant to articles 17 and 18 of Directive 2014/65/EU"). 3=Risk reduction order (when together with OrderAttributeValue=Y, it signifies that the commodity derivative order is a transation "to reduce risk in an object tively measurable way in accordance with Article 57 of Directive 2014/65/EU"). 5=Systematic internalizer order (when together with OrderAttributeValue=Y, it signifies that the order is submitted by a systematic internalizer).		rategy pur- t signifies an objec- 1/65/EU'').		
2595	→OrderAttributeValue	String	Y		
	The value associated with the attribute ty Must be "Y".	ype specified in OrderAttribu	ıteType.		
453	NoPartyIDs	Sequence	Ν		
448	→PartyID	String	Y		
447	→PartyIDSource	char	Y		
'D'=Proprietary/custom code (marketplace assigned member id) 'P'=Short code identifier, represented as an unsigned 64-bit intege translation must be reported outside protocol			Short code		

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Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req		
452	→PartyRole	uint32	Y		
	3=ClientID 12=Executing trader 122=Investment decision maker 17=Contra Firm 27=Buyer/Seller				
2376	→PartyRoleQualifier	uint32	Ν		
	22=Algorithm 23=Firm or legalEntity 24=Natural person				
802	→NoPartySubIDs	Sequence	Ν		
523	→→PartySubID	String	Y		
803	→→PartySubIDType	uint32	Y		
	Used to indicate the counter party trader ID in TradeCaptureReport when Trade- HandlingInstr='3'. Also used to further identify entering firm. 2=Person 3=System (trader group)				
584	MassStatusReqID	String	Ν		
	Value assigned by issuer of Mass Status Request to uniquely identify the request.				
912	LastRptRequested	char	Ν		
	Indicates that this is the last Execution Re the request. 'N'=Not Last Message 'Y'=Last Message	port which will be returned o	as a result of		
58	Text	String	Ν		
	Error message.				

3.7.6. Order Cancel Reject (9)

This message is sent in response to Order Cancel (Replace) Request in case of an error.

OrderCancelReject is sent:

- to reject an OrderCancelRequest message, with ClOrdID set to the value in the request message and CxIRejReason set to the reject reason
- to reject an OrderCancelReplaceRequest message, with ClOrdID set to the value in the request message and CxIRejReason set to the reject reason

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>			
37	OrderID	String	Y	
	If CxIRejReason=Unknown Order, value is "[N/A]".		
41	OrigClOrdID	String	Y	
	ClOrdId of the order that could not be canceled/replaced.			
11	ClOrdID	String	Y	
	Same as in the request.			
39	OrdStatus	char	Y	
	If CxIRejReason=Unknown Order, value is '8 '0'=New	•		

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	'1'=Partially filled '2'=Filled '4'=Canceled '8'=Rejected 'C'=Expired '3'=Done for day		
434	CxIRejResponseTo	char	Y
	Identifies type of message this reject is in r '1'=Order cancel request '2'=Order cancel/replace request	response to.	
102	CxlRejReason	uint32	N
	1=Unknown order 6=Duplicate ClOrdID (11) received 18=Invalid price increment 99=Other 100=Orders not allowed in knockout state 101=Buy orders not allowed in knockout bu 103=Buy orders not allowed in buyback sta 104=Sell orders not allowed in distribution 107=Order breached pre trade control price 108=Order breached pre trade control val 109=Value less than reserve order minimum 110=Reserve order not allowed. 111=Order breached pre trade control volu	ate state ce limit lue limit m value.	
58	Text	String	N
	Error message.		

3.7.7. Order Mass Status Request (AF)

Status for all orders owned by the requester's trader group can be requested with the Order Mass Status Request message where MassStatusReqType is set to 7 (Status for all orders). This message will be replied to with one or more Execution Report messages with ExecType set to 'I' (Order Status). The last Execution Report will always be indicated with LastRptRequested field set to 'Y'. Note that a dummy Execution Report OrderID set to "[N/A]" and LastRptRequested field set to 'Y' may be sent as last message to indicate the request has been processed (for example as a reply with no orders).

In the event of a malformed request, the response will be a *Business Message Reject* message.

OrderMassStatusRequest:

- is replied to with an *ExecutionReport* message, with MassStatusReqID set to the value in the request message and ExecType set to 'I' (OrderStatus)
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to AF
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the OrderMassStatusRequest message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
584	MassStatusReqID	String	Y
585	MassStatusReqType	uint32	Y
	7=Status for all orders		

3.8. Quote Messages

A quote can be identified in a number of ways:

QuoteMsgID	Client assigned identifier (mandatory). It must be unique within a security and trader group. This identifier must change each time the client updates the quote and thus denotes a revision of the quote.
QuotelD	Market place assigned identifier which does not change during the lifetime of the quote.
BidMDEntryID and Offer- MDEntryID	Reference to the current <i>MDEntryID</i> in the market data which identifies the bid/offer. This identifier is only present for quotes that are visible in the market data and it may change whenever the quote is seen as a new bid/offer in the market data (e.g. price changes).

Either OrigQuoteMsgID or QuoteID is required for quote modification and deletion. Usage of OrigQuoteMsgID allows for chaining of quote operations.

All quotes are tradeable, meaning that they are matched against other orders and quotes in the order book.

Zero spread (same bid and offer prices) quotes are supported and will not result in a trade between the sides of the same quote. Crossing prices are however not supported.

Single side quotes are supported by leaving the opposite price field absent (null), e.g. if *BidPx* is present while *OfferPx* then the quote only have a buy side.

The Quote and Quote Status Report messages have been extended with TotalBidSize and TotalOfferSize. The TotalBidSize is the total (original) bid volume while BidSize is the available bid volume. This means that TotalBidSize = BidSize + cumulative traded bid volume (including any canceled trades). The volume in quotes are updated using TotalBidSize and TotalOfferSize to avoid the risk of over-fills, or alternatively using BidSize and OfferSize.

In case of a (partial) fill of a quote a Quote Status Report is sent with an updated available volume. No ExecutionReport is sent for a quote fill. However, a Trade Capture Report is always sent for any trades that occur. A completely filled quote is deleted.

All quotes are automatically deleted when the trading session ends (SecurityTradingStatus is post open).

During financial status sub-state *Buyback* the exchange accepts double-sided quotes from the market maker, however the sell side of the quote is cleared. This is reflected in the *Quote Status Report* where available volume (*OfferSize*) of the sell side will be set to zero, as in a fill of that side.

3.8.1. Quote Grp Component Block

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
132	BidPx	decimal	Ν	
	Bid price. Either BidPx, OfferPx or both m	ust be specified.		
133	OfferPx	decimal	Ν	
	Offer price. Either BidPx, OfferPx or both must be specified.			
134	BidSize	decimal	Ν	
Specifies the open bid size. Specifies the available bid size.				
1749	TotalBidSize	decimal	Ν	

This component block defines a quote.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	Specifies the total bid size.	,		
35	OfferSize	decimal	Ν	
	Specifies the available ask size.	,		
750	TotalOfferSize	decimal	Ν	
	Specifies the total ask size.			
50	TransactTime	UTCTimestampMicros	Ν	
	When this quote was created, update	ed or cancelled.		
	Account	String	Ν	
	Account information that will be ech	oed back.		
537	QuoteType	uint32	Ν	
	Identifies the type of quote. <mark>Absence</mark> 1=Tradeable. 4=Initially tradeable (quote validatio		l values:	
529	OrderRestrictions	MultipleCharValue	Ν	
	Restrictions associated with an order 'B'=Issuer Holding 'C'=Issue Price Stabilization			
453	NoPartyIDs	Sequence	Ν	
448	→PartyID	String	Y	
447	→PartyIDSource	char	Y	
	'D'=Proprietary/custom code (marketplace assigned member id) 'P'=Short code identifier, represented as an unsigned 64-bit integer. Short code translation must be reported outside protocol			
452	→PartyRole	uint32	Y	
	3=ClientID 12=Executing trader 122=Investment decision maker 17=Contra Firm 27=Buyer/Seller			
2376	→PartyRoleQualifier	uint32	Ν	
	22=Algorithm 23=Firm or legalEntity 24=Natural person			
802	→NoPartySubIDs	Sequence	Ν	
523	→→PartySubID	String	Y	
303	→→PartySubIDType	uint32	Y	
	Used to indicate the counter party tr	ader ID in TradeCaptureReport w	<mark>hen Trad</mark>	
	HandlingInstr='3'. Also used to furthe	r identify entering firm.		

3.8.2. Quote (S)

The Quote message is used for sending new quotes, updating previous quotes and replying to quote requests.

Quote:

• is replied to with a QuoteStatusReport message, with QuoteMsgID set to the value in the request message

- can be rejected with a QuoteStatusReport message, with QuoteMsgID set to the value in the request message and QuoteStatus set to 5 (Rejected)
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to S
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the Quote message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>			
	component block <securityref></securityref>			
131	QuoteReqID	String	N	
117	QuoteID	String	N	
	Quote identifier assigned by the exchange.			
1166	QuoteMsgID	String	Y	
	Unique client-assigned identifier for the (replacement) quote.			
20018	OrigQuoteMsgID	String	N	
	Reference to previous QuoteMsgID in case of modification. Custom field.			
component block <quotegrp></quotegrp>				

3.8.3. Quote Status Report (AI)

The Quote Status Report message is used for replying to quote operations and for sending unsolicited updates of the available volume in case a quote is (partially) filled.

QuoteStatusReport is sent:

- unsolicited, when the quote is updated, for example when it is part of a matching operation or expires
- in reply to a Quote message, with QuoteMsgID set to the value in the request message
- to reject a Quote message, with QuoteMsgID set to the value in the request message and QuoteStatus set to 5 (Rejected)
- in reply to a *QuoteCancel* message, with *QuoteStatus* set to 4 (CanceledAll) or 17 (Canceled) and QuoteMsgID set to the value in the request message
- to reject a *QuoteCancel* message, with QuoteStatus set to 5 (Rejected) and QuoteMsgID set to the value in the request message
- in reply to a *QuoteStatusRequest* message, with QuoteStatus set to 8 (Query) and QuoteStatus-ReqID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>			
	component block <securityref></securityref>			
117	QuoteID	String	N	
	Quote identifier.			
1166	QuoteMsgID	String	N	
	Maps to QuoteMsgID of a single Quote.			
20018	OrigQuoteMsgID	String	N	
	Maps to OrigQuoteMsgID of a single Quote. Custom field.			
649	QuoteStatusReqID	String	Ν	

	Field Name	Туре	Req
297	QuoteStatus	uint32	Y
	The status of the Quote Status Report. 0=Accepted 4=Canceled All 5=Rejected 7=Expired 8=Query 17=Canceled 21=Traded 22=Traded and removed (both sides)		
300	QuoteRejectReason	uint32	N
	Reason quote was rejected. 1=Unknown Symbol (security) 2=Exchange (Security) closed 5=Unknown Quote 6=Duplicate Quote 7=Invalid bid/ask spread 8=Invalid price 11=Quote Locked - Unable to Update/Car 99=Other 100=Not authorized to quote security with 101=Duplicate quote with Quote Validation 102=Quotes not allowed in knockout state 103=Not authorized to quote security in k 104=Sell quotes not allowed in knockout k 105=Not authorized to quote security in b 106=Buy quotes not allowed in distribution 107=Not authorized to quote security in b 108=Sell quotes not allowed in buyback s 109=Quote breached pre trade control po 110=Quote breached pre trade control vol 111=Quote for this specific instrument and	h Quote Validation on e nockout buyback state buyback state listribution state n state uyback state tate rice limit lue limit lume limit	
378	ExecRestatementReason	uint32	, N
	Reason for a Quote Status Report sent wh	hen communicating an ui	
	cel. Field added. 0=GT corporate action 12=Cancel on connection loss 100=Book cleared 101=Volatility guard 102=Cancel because of changed trading 99=Other	C C	nsolicited can-
636	0=GT corporate action 12=Cancel on connection loss 100=Book cleared 101=Volatility guard 102=Cancel because of changed trading	C C	nsolicited can-
636	0=GT corporate action 12=Cancel on connection loss 100=Book cleared 101=Volatility guard 102=Cancel because of changed trading 99=Other	rules char rorked. <mark>Applicable when d</mark>	N
536 745	0=GT corporate action 12=Cancel on connection loss 100=Book cleared 101=Volatility guard 102=Cancel because of changed trading 99=Other WorkingIndicator Indicates if the quote is currently being w not 4. Absence means 'Y'. Field added. 'Y'=Order is currently being worked.	rules char rorked. <mark>Applicable when d</mark>	N
	 0=GT corporate action 12=Cancel on connection loss 100=Book cleared 101=Volatility guard 102=Cancel because of changed trading 99=Other WorkingIndicator Indicates if the quote is currently being w not 4. Absence means 'Y'. Field added. 'Y'=Order is currently being worked. 'N'=Order has been accepted but not yet BidMDEntryID 	rules char rorked. <mark>Applicable when c</mark> t in a working state. String	N QuoteType is
745	0=GT corporate action 12=Cancel on connection loss 100=Book cleared 101=Volatility guard 102=Cancel because of changed trading 99=Other WorkingIndicator Indicates if the quote is currently being w not 4. Absence means 'Y'. Field added. 'Y'=Order is currently being worked. 'N'=Order has been accepted but not yet BidMDEntryID The MDEntryID of the bid side in the mark	rules char rorked. <mark>Applicable when a</mark> t in a working state. String cet data.	N QuoteType is
	 0=GT corporate action 12=Cancel on connection loss 100=Book cleared 101=Volatility guard 102=Cancel because of changed trading 99=Other WorkingIndicator Indicates if the quote is currently being w not 4. Absence means 'Y'. Field added. 'Y'=Order is currently being worked. 'N'=Order has been accepted but not yet BidMDEntryID 	rules char rorked. <mark>Applicable when a</mark> t in a working state. String cet data. String	N QuoteType is N

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	Indicates the priority of the bid in the ord and quotes on the same level. Higher val		
20030	OfferPriority	uint64	Ν
	Indicates the priority of the offer in the or and quotes on the same level. Higher val		
	component block <quotegrp></quotegrp>		
912	LastRptRequested	char	Ν
	Indicates that this is the last report which request. <mark>Field added.</mark> 'N'=Not Last Message 'Y'=Last Message	will be returned as a result c	of the
58	Text	String	Ν
	Error message.		

3.8.4. Quote Cancel (Z)

The Quote Cancel message is used for canceling a single quote, all quotes for a single security or all quotes.

QuoteCancel:

- is replied to with a *QuoteStatusReport* message, with QuoteStatus set to 4 (CanceledAll) or 17 (Canceled) and QuoteMsgID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *QuoteStatusReport* message, with *QuoteStatus* set to 5 (Rejected) and *QuoteMsgID* set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to Z
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the QuoteCancel message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
	component block <securityref></securityref>		
131	QuoteReqID	String	Ν
117	QuoteID	String	Ν
	Quote identifier assigned by the exchange	<mark>je</mark> .	
1166	QuoteMsgID	String	Y
	Unique client-assigned identifier for the r	equest.	
20018	OrigQuoteMsgID	String	Ν
	Reference to previous QuoteMsgID. Cust	om field.	
298	QuoteCancelType	uint32	Y
	Identifies the type of quote cancel. 1=Cancel for a security 4=Cancel all quotes 5=Cancel quote specified in QuoteID <mark>or (</mark>	DrigQuoteMsgID	
60	TransactTime	UTCTimestampMicros	Ν
	When this quote was cancelled.	·	

3.8.5. Quote Request (R)

The Quote Request message is used by the market place to request an updated quote, when the quote validation mechanism is enabled. The request identifies a single quote that need to be updated. The market maker should respond with a Quote message, with updated values or confirming previous values, or with a Quote Cancel message. If the market maker does not respond within a pre-defined timeout the quote will be canceled.

QuoteRequest is sent:

• unsolicited, when the quote would be part of a matching operation and an update (or cancellation) of the quote is required, or when a new quote is requested for quote on demand.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
	component block <securityref></securityref>		
131	QuoteReqID	String	Y
	Unique identifier for quote request.		
117	QuoteID	String	N
	Quote identifier.		
1166	QuoteMsgID	String	N
	Unique client-assigned identifier		
54	Side	char	N
	This is from the perspective of the initiato (QOD). '1'=buy '2'=sell	r. <mark>Applicable for quote on d</mark>	lemand
38	OrderQty	decimal	Ν
	Applicable for quote on demand (QOD).		

3.8.6. Quote Status Request (a)

A snapshot of all quotes can be requested using the *Quote Status Request* message. The response is one or more *Quote Status Report* messages with *QuoteStatus* = 8 (query). The last response has the *LastRptRequested* field set to 'Y'. Note that if there are no quotes available, a dummy quote with no *Security/D* set (null) will be sent as the last and only message.

QuoteStatusRequest:

- is replied to with a QuoteStatusReport message, with QuoteStatus set to 8 (Query) and QuoteStatusReqID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to a
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the QuoteStatusRequest message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
649	QuoteStatusReqID	String	N
263	SubscriptionRequestType	char	Y
	'0'=Snapshot		

3.9. Trade Messages

Both automatic matching of orders/quotes and manual trades are conveyed using the *Trade Capture Report* message.

For manual trade reporting, one-party report for pass-through to counterparty (figure One-party report), is the only accepted trading model for *non-internal* trades. For internal trades, where the counterparty is the same as the reporting party, the two-party report trading model (figure Two-party report) is also accepted. Providers may also use the two-party report trading model, for trades between trader groups for which they are allowed to act on behalf of.

Note

A party that has the right to see trade details of both sides, e.g. internal trades, will only receive a single *Trade Capture Report* with both sides.

In the one-party for pass-through model the initiator can cancel the trade as long as it is not confirmed by the counterparty. Non-confirmed trades have no *TradeID*, which means that they must be referenced to with the *TradeReportRefID* field.

Figure 3. Privately negotiated trade, one-party report for pass-through to counterparty.

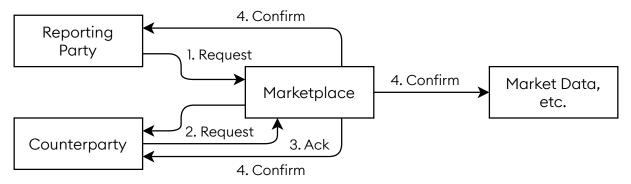
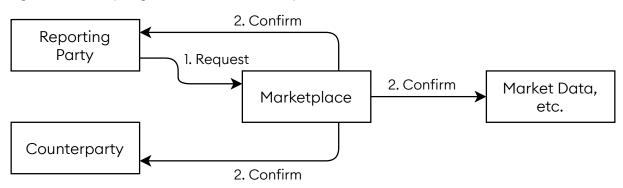


Figure 4. Privately negotiated trade, two-party report.



The counterparty is referenced by the marketplace assigned member code in *Party/D* and optionally by the trader group in *PartySubID* (*PartySubIDType* = System). The trader group is required for manual trade reports sent to the exchange. In addition, for manual trades, traders can specify a trader id (free text) in *PartySubID* (*PartySubIDType* = Person) for both the own side and the counterparty.

In general the following trade messages are sent from the market place.

	Trade Capture Report
	TradeReportTransType = New (0)
New automatically matched trade	TradeReportType = Submit (0)
from marketplace.	TradeHandlingInstr = Trade Confirm ('0')
	TradeReportID= <new></new>
	TradeID= <reference></reference>

MatchStatus = Affirmed ('0')

Trade Capture Report	
TradeReportTransType = Cancel (1)	
TradeReportType = Trade Report Cancel (6)	
TradeHandlingInstr = Trade Confirm ('0')	
TradeReportID= <new></new>	
TradeReportRefID= <marketplace's></marketplace's>	
TradeID= <reference></reference>	
MatchStatus = Affirmed ('0')	

Cancel trade from marketplace.

3.9.1. One-Party Report for Pass-Thru

In the one-party report for pass-thru model the marketplace will respond each Trade Capture Report with a Trade Capture Report Ack. The messages are filled in as follows in each step of this model.

Initiator submit to marketplace.	Trade Capture Report TradeReportTransType = New (0) TradeReportType = Submit (0) TradeHandlingInstr = One-Party Report for Pass-Thru ('3') TradeReportID= <new></new>
Ack from marketplace of initiator submit.	Trade Capture Report Ack TradeReportTransType = New (0) TradeReportType = Submit (0) TradeHandlingInstr = One-Party Report for Pass-Thru ('3') TradeReportID= <initiator's></initiator's>
Marketplace forward of submit to counterparty.	Trade Capture Report TradeReportTransType = New (0) TradeReportType = Alleged (1) TradeHandlingInstr = One-Party Report for Pass-Thru ('3') TradeReportID= <new> MatchStatus = Unaffirmed ('1')</new>
Inititator cancel to marketplace, before counterparty has accepted/ declined.	Trade Capture Report TradeReportTransType = Cancel (1) TradeReportType = Submit (0) TradeHandlingInstr = One-Party Report for Pass-Thru ('3') TradeReportRefID= <initiator's previous=""> TradeReportID=<new></new></initiator's>
Ack from marketplace of inititator cancel.	Trade Capture Report Ack TradeReportTransType = Cancel (0) TradeReportType = Submit (0) TradeHandlingInstr = One-Party Report for Pass-Thru ('3') TradeReportRefID= <initiator's> TradeReportID=<initiator's></initiator's></initiator's>
Marketplace forward of cancel to counterparty.	Trade Capture Report TradeReportTransType = Cancel (1)

	TradeReportType = Alleged (1) TradeHandlingInstr = One-Party Report for Pass-Thru ('3') TradeReportRefID= <marketplace's> TradeReportID=<new> MatchStatus = Unaffirmed ('1')</new></marketplace's>
Counterparty accept/decline to mar- ketplace.	Trade Capture Report TradeReportTransType = Replace (2) TradeReportType = Accept (2) or Decline (3) TradeHandlingInstr = One-Party Report for Pass-Thru ('3') TradeReportRefID= <marketplace's> TradeReportID=<new></new></marketplace's>
Ack from marketplace of counter- party accept/decline.	Trade Capture Report Ack TradeReportTransType = Replace (2) TradeReportType = Accept (2) or Decline (3) TradeHandlingInstr = One-Party Report for Pass-Thru ('3') TradeReportRefID= <marketplace's> TradeReportID=<counterparty's></counterparty's></marketplace's>
Marketplace forward of decline to initiator.	Trade Capture Report TradeReportTransType = Cancel (1) TradeReportType = Decline (3) TradeHandlingInstr = One-Party Report for Pass-Thru ('3') TradeReportRefID= <initiator's> TradeReportID=<new> MatchStatus = Unaffirmed ('1')</new></initiator's>
Marketplace confirm trade to initia- tor/counterparty.	Trade Capture Report TradeReportTransType = Replace (2) TradeReportType = Submit (0) TradeHandlingInstr = Trade Confirm ('0') TradeReportRefID= <initiator's> or <counterparty's> TradeReportID=<new> TradeID=<reference> MatchStatus = Affirmed ('0')</reference></new></counterparty's></initiator's>
Reject from marketplace in response a malformed Trade Capture Report.	Trade Capture Report Ack TradeReportTransType = <same> TradeReportType = <same> TradeHandlingInstr = One-Party Report for Pass-Thru ('3') TradeReportRefID=<same> TradeReportID=<same> TradeReportID=<same> TradeReportRejectReason=<specified></specified></same></same></same></same></same>
Cancel from marketplace (due to timeout or cleanup) to initiator/coun- terparty.	Trade Capture Report TradeReportTransType = Cancel (1) TradeReportType = Alleged (1) TradeHandlingInstr = One-Party Report for Pass-Thru ('3') TradeReportRefID= <initiator's> or <marketplace's> TradeReportID=<new> MatchStatus = Unaffirmed ('1')</new></marketplace's></initiator's>

3.9.2. Two-Party Report

In the two-party report model *no* Trade Capture Report Ack message is sent in response to a successful request. Instead the confirmed trade is sent directly. The fields are used in the following way in this model.

Initiator submit to marketplace.	Trade Capture Report TradeReportTransType = New (0) TradeReportType = Submit (0) TradeHandlingInstr = Two-Party Report ('1') TradeReportID= <new></new>
Marketplace confirm trade to initia- tor.	Trade Capture Report TradeReportTransType = Replace (2) TradeReportType = Submit (0) TradeHandlingInstr = Trade Confirm ('0') TradeReportRefID= <initiator's> TradeReportID=<new> TradeID=<reference> MatchStatus = Affirmed ('0')</reference></new></initiator's>
Marketplace confirm trade to coun- terparty (if other than initiator).	Trade Capture Report TradeReportTransType = New (0) TradeReportType = Submit (0) TradeHandlingInstr = Trade Confirm ('0') TradeReportID= <new> TradeID=<reference> MatchStatus = Affirmed ('0')</reference></new>
Reject from marketplace in response a malformed Trade Capture Report.	Trade Capture Report Ack TradeReportTransType = <same> TradeReportType = <same> TradeHandlingInstr = Two-Party Report ('1') TradeReportRefID=<same> TradeReportID=<same> TradeReportID=<same></same></same></same></same></same>

3.9.3. Trade Component Block

This component block is used to define a trade.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
1003	TradeID	String	N
	Assigned by the marketplace.		
487	TradeReportTransType	uint32	N
	Transaction type. 0=New 1=Cancel 2=Replace 3=Release 4=Reverse 5=Cancel Due To Back Out of Trade		
856	TradeReportType	uint32	Ν
	0=Submit 1=Alleged 2=Accept 3=Decline		

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	6=Trade Report Cancel		
328	TrdType	uint32	Ν
	0=Regular Trade 52=Exchange Granted Trade		
355	SecondaryTrdType	uint32	Ν
	Absence means '0'. Applies only to manu 0=Regular Trade. 64=Benchmark Trade.	ıal trades. MiFID II regulatory	field.
839	TrdPriceCondition	uint32	Ν
	Applies only to manual trades. MiFID II re 13=Special dividend Trade. 15=Non-price forming Trade. 16=Trade not contributing to the price di		
115	OrderCategory	char	Ν
	Applies only to manual trades. MiFID II re '3'=Privately Negotiated Trade	egulatory field.	
2668	NoTrdRegPublications	Sequence	Ν
	Applies only to manual trades. MiFID II re	egulatory field.	
2669	→TrdRegPublicationType	uint32	Ν
	0=Pre-trade transparency waiver		
2670	T ID D I ID		Ν
2070	→TrdRegPublReason 0=No preceding order in book as transa liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transac ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM	ction price depends on syster	e spread of
	0=No preceding order in book as transa liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transa ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM 2=No preceding order in book as transa conditions other than current market pri	nction price set within average ction price depends on syster 1A RTS "OILQ". Inction price is for transaction s ice. ESMA RTS "PRIC".	e spread of m-set refer- subject to
123	0=No preceding order in book as transa liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transac ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM 2=No preceding order in book as transa conditions other than current market pri TradeHandlingInstr	nction price set within average ction price depends on syster 1A RTS "OILQ". Inction price is for transaction s	e spread of m-set refer-
	0=No preceding order in book as transa liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transa ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM 2=No preceding order in book as transa conditions other than current market pri	nction price set within average ction price depends on syster 1A RTS "OILQ". Inction price is for transaction s ice. ESMA RTS "PRIC".	e spread of m-set refer- subject to
123	0=No preceding order in book as transa liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transa ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM 2=No preceding order in book as transa conditions other than current market pri TradeHandlingInstr '0'=Trade Confirmation '1'=Two-Party Report	nction price set within average ction price depends on syster 1A RTS "OILQ". Inction price is for transaction s ice. ESMA RTS "PRIC".	e spread of m-set refer- subject to
123	0=No preceding order in book as transa liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transac ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM 2=No preceding order in book as transa conditions other than current market pri TradeHandlingInstr '0'=Trade Confirmation '1'=Two-Party Report '3'=One-Party Report for Pass Through	iction price set within average ction price depends on syster 1A RTS "OILQ". ction price is for transaction s ice. ESMA RTS "PRIC". char	e spread of n-set refer- subject to N
123	0=No preceding order in book as transa liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transac ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM 2=No preceding order in book as transa conditions other than current market pri TradeHandlingInstr '0'=Trade Confirmation '1'=Two-Party Report '3'=One-Party Report for Pass Through LastQty	iction price set within average ction price depends on syster 1A RTS "OILQ". ction price is for transaction s ice. ESMA RTS "PRIC". char	e spread of n-set refer- subject to N
123	0=No preceding order in book as transa liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transac ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM 2=No preceding order in book as transa conditions other than current market pri TradeHandlingInstr '0'=Trade Confirmation '1'=Two-Party Report '3'=One-Party Report Content of the the transaction '1'=Trade quantity of the transaction 'Note the transaction '1'=Trade transaction '1'=Two-Party Report '3'=One-Party Report for Pass Through	action price set within average ction price depends on system IA RTS "OILQ". action price is for transaction s ice. ESMA RTS "PRIC". char decimal	e spread of m-set refer- subject to N
123 32 31	0=No preceding order in book as transa liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transac ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM 2=No preceding order in book as transa conditions other than current market pri TradeHandlingInstr '0'=Trade Confirmation '1'=Two-Party Report '3'=One-Party Report LastQty Trade quantity of this (last) fill. LastPx	action price set within average ction price depends on system IA RTS "OILQ". action price is for transaction s ice. ESMA RTS "PRIC". char decimal	e spread of m-set refer- subject to N
123 32 31	0=No preceding order in book as transa liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transac ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM 2=No preceding order in book as transac conditions other than current market pri TradeHandlingInstr '0'=Trade Confirmation '1'=Two-Party Report '3'=One-Party Report '3'=One-Party Report for Pass Through LastQty Trade quantity of this (last) fill. LastPx Trade price of this (last) fill.	Inction price set within average cition price depends on system 1A RTS "OILQ". cition price is for transaction s ice. ESMA RTS "PRIC". char decimal decimal String	e spread of n-set refer- subject to N N N
123 32 31 5	0=No preceding order in book as transa liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transac ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM 2=No preceding order in book as transa conditions other than current market pri TradeHandlingInstr '0'=Trade Confirmation '1'=Two-Party Report '3'=One-Party Report for Pass Through LastQty Trade quantity of this (last) fill. LastPx Trade price of this (last) fill. Currency	Inction price set within average cition price depends on system 1A RTS "OILQ". cition price is for transaction s ice. ESMA RTS "PRIC". char decimal decimal String	e spread of n-set refer- subject to N N N
123 32 31 5	0=No preceding order in book as transa liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transac ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM 2=No preceding order in book as transac conditions other than current market pri TradeHandlingInstr '0'=Trade Confirmation '1'=Two-Party Report '3'=One-Party Report '3'=One-Party Report for Pass Through LastQty Trade quantity of this (last) fill. LastPx Trade price of this (last) fill. Currency ISO 4217 currency code for the trade. Or	Inction price set within average action price depends on system IA RTS "OILQ". Inction price is for transaction is idecimal decimal decimal String hly used outbound, ignored in String	e spread of m-set refer- subject to N N N N bound. N
123 32 31 5 30	0=No preceding order in book as transatliquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transatence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM 2=No preceding order in book as transatic conditions other than current market price TradeHandlingInstr '0'=Trade Confirmation '1'=Two-Party Report '3'=One-Party Report for Pass Through LastQty Trade quantity of this (last) fill. LastPx Trade price of this (last) fill. Currency ISO 4217 currency code for the trade. Or LastMkt Market of execution for last fill. ISO 1038	Inction price set within average action price depends on system IA RTS "OILQ". Inction price is for transaction is idecimal decimal decimal String hly used outbound, ignored in String	e spread of m-set refer- subject to N N N N bound. N
123 32 31 5 30	0=No preceding order in book as transatliquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transatence price for an illiquid instrument. ESM2=No preceding order in book as transation or the trade conditions other than current market price TradeHandlingInstr '0'=Trade Confirmation '1'=Two-Party Report '3'=One-Party Report for Pass Through LastQty Trade quantity of this (last) fill. LastPx Trade price of this (last) fill. Currency ISO 4217 currency code for the trade. Or LastMkt Market of execution for last fill. ISO 1038 inbound	action price set within average ction price depends on system 1A RTS "OILQ": ction price is for transaction s ice. ESMA RTS "PRIC". char decimal decimal String 1/y used outbound, ignored in String 3 (MIC). Only used outbound, UTCTimestampMicros	e spread of m-set refer- subject to N N N bound. N ignored N
	0=No preceding order in book as transactiquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ".1=No preceding order in book as transaction1=No preceding order in book as transaction2=No preceding order in book as transaction2=No preceding order in book as transaction1'=Trade Confirmation'0'=Trade Confirmation'1'=Two-Party Report'3'=One-Party Report for Pass ThroughLastQtyTrade quantity of this (last) fill.LastPxTrade price of this (last) fill.CurrencyISO 4217 currency code for the trade. OrLastMktMarket of execution for last fill. ISO 1038inboundTransactTime	action price set within average ction price depends on system 1A RTS "OILQ": ction price is for transaction s ice. ESMA RTS "PRIC". char decimal decimal String 1/y used outbound, ignored in String 3 (MIC). Only used outbound, UTCTimestampMicros	e spread of m-set refer- subject to N N N bound. N ignored N
123 32 31 5 30 50	0=No preceding order in book as transactiquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ".1=No preceding order in book as transaction1=No preceding order in book as transaction2=No preceding order in book as transaction2=No preceding order in book as transaction1'=Trade Confirmation'1'=Two-Party Report'3'=One-Party Report for Pass ThroughLastQtyTrade quantity of this (last) fill.LastPxTrade price of this (last) fill.CurrencyISO 4217 currency code for the trade. OrLastMktMarket of execution for last fill. ISO 1038inboundTransactTimeWhen this transaction occured. Execution	Inction price set within average cition price depends on system 1A RTS "OILQ". Inction price is for transaction is ice. ESMA RTS "PRIC". Char decimal decimal decimal String 1 (MIC). Only used outbound, UTCTimestampMicros on time of trade or cancellation UTCTimestampMicros an TransactTime. Used for mage	e spread of m-set refer- subject to N N N bound. N ignored N on. N

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req		
	'0'=Compared, matched or affirm '1'=Uncompared, unmatched, or u				
574	MatchType	char	Ν		
	'1'=One-Party Trade Report (privately negotiated trade) '2'=Two-Party Trade Report (privately negotiated trade) '4'=Auto-match '7'=Call Auction 'x'=Manually Matched Trade Report				
277	TradeCondition	MultipleStringValue	Ν		
	Trade conditions set by exchange. Field added. "I"=Sold Last (late reporting) "AV"=Outside Spread "X0"=Outside Spread Unknown "XB"=Knockout buyback Trade "XS"=Buyback Trade "XS"=Buyback Trade "XD"=Distribution Trade "XAO"=Opening auction Trade "XAO"=Closing auction Trade "XAC"=Closing auction Trade "XAD"=Volatility guard dynamic auction Trade "XAS"=Volatility guard static auction Trade "XAP"=Order protection auction Trade "XAR"=Missing reference price auction trade "XLI"=Large In Scale trade "0"=Cancel (only used in snapshot) "6"=Benchmark trade. MiFID II regulatory field "XQ"=Quote on demand trade.				
552	NoSides	Sequence	Ν		
54	→Side	char	Y		
	'1'=buy '2'=sell				
37	→OrderID	String	N		
20028	→OrderPriority	uint64	N		
	Indicates the priority of the order in the orderbook in comparison to other orde on the same level. Higher value means lower priority. Custom field.				
11	→ClOrdID	String	N		
	Client assigned order id in case of an order. In the case of quotes mapped to QuoteMsgID of a single Quote.				
	QuoteMsgID of a single Quote.		,		
526	QuoteMsgID of a single Quote. →SecondaryClOrdID	String	, N		
526		•			
	→SecondaryClOrdID	•			
	\rightarrow SecondaryClOrdID In the case of quotes mapped to	QuoteID of a single Quote. String	N		
1	$\rightarrow \text{SecondaryClOrdID}$ In the case of quotes mapped to $\rightarrow \text{Account}$	QuoteID of a single Quote. String	N		
526 1 1093	 →SecondaryClOrdID In the case of quotes mapped to →Account Account as specified in the order 	QuoteID of a single Quote. String or Trade Capture Request. char	N		
1	 →SecondaryClOrdID In the case of quotes mapped to →Account Account as specified in the order →LotType Defines the lot type assigned to the 'I'=Odd Lot 	QuoteID of a single Quote. String or Trade Capture Request. char	N		
1 1093	 →SecondaryClOrdID In the case of quotes mapped to →Account Account as specified in the order →LotType Defines the lot type assigned to the '1'=Odd Lot '2'=Round Lot →AggressorIndicator 	QuoteID of a single Quote. String or Trade Capture Request. char he order.	N N N		

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req		
	Designates the capacity of the firm plac	ing the order. <mark>Absence mean</mark>	<mark>s 'R' for</mark>		
	trades reported to the exchange. 'P'=Principal (Deal) 'R'=Riskless principal (Matched) 'A'=Agency (Any other capacity)				
529	→OrderRestrictions	MultipleCharValue	Ν		
	Restrictions associated with an order. 'B'=Issuer Holding 'C'=Issue Price Stabilization				
159	→AccruedInterestAmt	decimal	Ν		
	Amount of accrued interest the buyer compensates the seller. Applicable for bonds and fixed income.				
1724	→OrderOrigination	uint32	Ν		
	Identifies the origin of the order. Absence means non DEA. 5=Order received from a direct access or sponsored access customer				
453	→NoPartyIDs	Sequence	Ν		
448	→ PartyID	String	Y		
447	→ PartyIDSource	char	Y		
	'D'=Proprietary/custom code (marketplace assigned member id) 'P'=Short code identifier, represented as an unsigned 64-bit integer. Short code translation must be reported outside protocol				
452	→→PartyRole	uint32	Y		
	12=Executing trader 122=Investment decision maker 17=Contra Firm 27=Buyer/Seller				
2376	→→PartyRoleQualifier	uint32	Ν		
	22=Algorithm 23=Firm or legalEntity 24=Natural person				
802	→→NoPartySubIDs	Sequence	Ν		
523	→→→PartySubID	String	~ ~ ~		
803		sg	Y		
803	→→→PartySubIDType	uint32	Y Y		
803	$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$ PartySubIDType Used to indicate the counter party trade	uint32 er ID in TradeCaptureReport v	Y		
803	→→→PartySubIDType	uint32 er ID in TradeCaptureReport v	Y		
	$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$ PartySubIDType Used to indicate the counter party trade HandlingInstr='3'. Also used to further in 2=Person	uint32 er ID in TradeCaptureReport v	Y		
2593	$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$ PartySubIDType Used to indicate the counter party trade HandlingInstr='3'. Also used to further in 2=Person 3=System (trader group)	uint32 er ID in TradeCaptureReport v lentify entering firm.	Y when Trad		
803 2593 2594	 →→→PartySubIDType Used to indicate the counter party trade HandlingInstr='3'. Also used to further in 2=Person 3=System (trader group) →NoOrderAttributes →→OrderAttributeType 2=Liquidity provision activity order (when it signifies that the order was submitted suant to articles 17 and 18 of Directive 20 3=Risk reduction order (when together w that the commodity derivative order is of tively measurable way in accordance w 5=Systematic internalizer order (when together w 	uint32 er ID in TradeCaptureReport v lentify entering firm. Sequence uint32 en together with OrderAttribut "as part of market making str D14/65/EU"). with OrderAttributeValue=Y, in a transation "to reduce risk in ith Article 57 of Directive 2014 ogether with OrderAttributeVo	Y when Trad N Y teValue=Y rategy pur t signifies an objec- V65/EU'').		
2593	 →→→PartySubIDType Used to indicate the counter party trade HandlingInstr='3'. Also used to further in 2=Person 3=System (trader group) →NoOrderAttributes →→OrderAttributeType 2=Liquidity provision activity order (when it signifies that the order was submitted suant to articles 17 and 18 of Directive 20 3=Risk reduction order (when together w that the commodity derivative order is of tively measurable way in accordance w 	uint32 er ID in TradeCaptureReport v lentify entering firm. Sequence uint32 en together with OrderAttribut "as part of market making str D14/65/EU"). with OrderAttributeValue=Y, in a transation "to reduce risk in ith Article 57 of Directive 2014 ogether with OrderAttributeVo	Y when Trad N Y teValue=Y rategy pur t signifies an objec- V65/EU'').		

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	Must be "Y".		

3.9.4. Trade Capture Report (AE)

The *Trade Capture Report* message is used by the exchange to send confirmed trades. It is also used in manual trade reporting.

TradeCaptureReport:

- is replied to with a *TradeCaptureReport* message, with TradeReportRefID set to the value in the request message
- is replied to with a *TradeCaptureReportAck* message, with TradeReportRejectReason set to 0 (Successful) and TradeReportID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *TradeCaptureReportAck* message, with TradeReportRejectReason set to the reject reason and TradeReportID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to AE
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the TradeCaptureReport message

TradeCaptureReport is sent:

- unsolicited, when a trade occurs
- in reply to a *TradeCaptureReport* message, with TradeReportRefID set to the value in the request message
- in reply to a *TradeCaptureReportRequest* message, with TradeRequestID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>			
571	TradeReportID	String	Ν	
	Assigned by the submitter of the message	e and used as a pure messag	ge identifier.	
572	TradeReportRefID	String	Ν	
	The TradeReportID that is being reference cancelation.	ed for some action, such as	correction or	
568	TradeRequestID	String	Ν	
	Request ID if this message is in response t	to a Trade Capture Report Re	equest.	
912	LastRptRequested	char	Ν	
	Indicates that this is the last report which request. 'N'=Not Last Message 'Y'=Last Message	will be returned as a result o	of the	
	component block <securityref></securityref>			
454	NoSecurityAltID	Sequence	Ν	
455	→SecurityAltID	String	Y	
	Alternative security identifier of type spe	cified in SecurityAltIDSource	•	
456	→SecurityAltIDSource	char	Y	
	Identifies the class of SecurityID. 'M'=Marketplace-assigned identifier '4'=ISIN	· /		

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	'8'=Exchange Symbol 'D'=Valoren		
	component block <trade></trade>		

3.9.5. Trade Capture Report Ack (AR)

The *Trade Capture Report Ack* message is used for rejects. It is also used to acknowledge receival of trade capture reports in the following cases:

- Initiator's trade capture report (both new and cancel) for a one-party report for pass through.
- Counterparty's decline of a one-party report for pass through.

In other cases the confirmed trade capture report can be seen as an acknowledgement. This means that the *Trade Capture Report* will always be directly replied to with a message.

TradeCaptureReportAck is sent:

- in reply to a *TradeCaptureReport* message, with TradeReportRejectReason set to 0 (Successful) and TradeReportID set to the value in the request message
- to reject a *TradeCaptureReport* message, with TradeReportRejectReason set to the reject reason and TradeReportID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>			
571	TradeReportID	String	Ν	
	Assigned by the submitter of the message	e and used as a pure messag	ge identifier.	
572	TradeReportRefID	String	Ν	
	The TradeReportID that is being reference cancelation.	ed for some action, such as	correction or	
568	TradeRequestID	String	Ν	
	Request ID if this message is in response t	to a Trade Capture Report R	equest.	
912	LastRptRequested	char	N	
751	request. 'N'=Not Last Message 'Y'=Last Message TradeReportRejectReason	uint32	N	
	'Y'=Last Message TradeReportRejectReason uint32 0=Successful (default) 1=Invalid party information 2=Unknown instrument 3=Unauthorized to report trades 4=Invalid trade type 5=Manual trades are not allowed for this instrument 6=Manual trades that add to DVC limits not allowed for this instrumer 7=Trade for this specific instrument and/or member is blocked by a king 99=Other 100=Manual trades not allowed in any knockout state 101=Duplicate TradeReportID component block <securityref></securityref>		nt.	
	component block <trade></trade>			
58	Text	String	Ν	
	Error message.			

3.9.6. Trade Capture Report Request (AD)

All trade capture reports involving the requester's trader group can be requested with the *Trade Capture Report Request* message with *TradeRequestType* set to 0 (All Trades). Only trades for the last 72 hours are available. The time interval can be narrowed further by setting *TradeRequestType* to 1 and specifying the time interval in the *Dates* sequence. This message will be replied to with one or more *Trade Capture Report* messages. The last *Trade Capture Report* will be indicated with *LastRptRequested* field set to 'Y'. Note that a dummy *Trade Capture Report* with *TradeID* set to "[N/A]" and *LastRptRequested* field set to 'Y' may be sent as last message to indicate the request has been processed (for example as a response with no trades).

In the event of a malformed request, the response will be a *Trade Capture Report Request Ack* message.

TradeCaptureReportRequest:

- is replied to with a *TradeCaptureReport* message, with TradeRequestID set to the value in the request message
- is replied to with a *TradeCaptureReportRequestAck* message, with TradeRequestResult set to 0 (Successful) and TradeRequestID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *TradeCaptureReportRequestAck* message, with TradeRequestResult set to the reject reason and TradeRequestID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to AD
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the TradeCaptureReportRequest message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req		
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>				
568	TradeRequestID	String	Y		
	Identifier for the trade request.				
569	TradeRequestType	uint32	Y		
	0=All trades (last e.g. 72 hours) 1=Matched trades matching criteria prov	0=All trades (last e.g. 72 hours) 1=Matched trades matching criteria provided on request			
580	NoDates	Sequence	Ν		
569 580	Range of dates. Since (NoDates=1) or Between (NoDates=2) dates, inclusive.				
60	→TransactTime	UTCTimestampMicros	Y		
	When the trade was created.				

3.9.7. Trade Capture Report Request Ack (AQ)

This message is only sent as a reject to a Trade Capture Report Request.

TradeCaptureReportRequestAck is sent:

- in reply to a *TradeCaptureReportRequest* message, with TradeRequestResult set to 0 (Successful) and TradeRequestID set to the value in the request message
- to reject a *TradeCaptureReportRequest* message, with TradeRequestResult set to the reject reason and TradeRequestID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
568	TradeRequestID	String	Y

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	Identifier for the trade request.		
569	TradeRequestType	uint32	Y
	0=All trades (last e.g. 72 hours) 1=Matched trades matching criteria prov	ided on request	
749	TradeRequestResult	uint32	Y
	Result of Trade Request. 0=Successful (default) 1=Invalid or unknown instrument 2=Invalid type of trade requested 3=Invalid parties 4=Invalid transport type requested 5=Invalid destination requested 8=TradeRequestType not supported 9=Not authorized 99=Other		
569 749 750	TradeRequestStatus	uint32	Y
	Status of Trade Request. 0=Accepted 1=Completed 2=Rejected		
58	Text	String	Ν
	Error message.		

3.10. Financial Status Messages

3.10.1. User Security Status Update Request (FU)

The User Security Status Update Request message allows a member with sufficient rights to change the financial status of a specific instrument. If the request is accepted, the new financial status will be published by a Security Status message on the market data service.

A request to knock the instrument will be replied with the status being changed to *Knock out* or *Knock out buyback*. The latter will be replied if the instrument is registered as a *Buy Back* instrument.

UserSecurityStatusUpdateRequest:

- is replied to with an *UserSecurityStatusUpdateResponse* message, with SecurityStatusUpdateRequestID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with an UserSecurityStatusUpdateResponse message, with FinancialStatusResult set to the reject reason and SecurityStatusUpdateRequestID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to FU
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the UserSecurityStatusUpdateRequest message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
	component block <securityref></securityref>		
20040	SecurityStatusUpdateRequestID	String	Y
20049	NoUpdates	Sequence	Ν

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
20038	\rightarrow FinancialStatusUpdateType	uint32	Y
	Financial status type. 1=Knock instrument (will result in knockout or knockout buyback) 3=Buyback 4=Distribution 6=Recalculated		
20050	\rightarrow FinancialStatusUpdateValue	uint32	Y
	Financial status operation. 1=Enable 2=Clear		

3.10.2. User Security Status Update Response (FR)

UserSecurityStatusUpdateResponse is sent:

- in reply to an UserSecurityStatusUpdateRequest message, with SecurityStatusUpdateRequestID set to the value in the request message
- to reject an UserSecurityStatusUpdateRequest message, with FinancialStatusResult set to 1 (UnknownSecurityId), 2 (InvalidFinancialStatus), 3 (InsufficientRigths) or 4 (Other) and SecurityS-tatusUpdateRequestID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
	component block <securityref></securityref>		
20040	SecurityStatusUpdateRequestID	String	Y
20042	FinancialStatusResult	uint32	Y
	Financial status update result. 0=Success 1=Unknown Security ID 2=Unsupported financial operation 3=User does not have sufficient rights to u 4=Other error	update financial status	
58	Text	String	N
	Message to explain reason in case of reje	ction	

3.11. Quote Validation

The quote validation mechanism can be enabled for one market maker at a time for a security. Only one quote with quote validation is allowed per security at any given time, and is used by setting *QuoteType* to 4 (*Initially Tradable*).

When the security is in continuous trading (open), and an order is entered for a security with the quote validation mechanism enabled, one of the following actions is taken:

- 1. If the order would result in a match (trade) with a quote from the market maker. → Put the order in a queue.
- 2. If there already are other orders in the queue. → Put the order in a queue (regardless if it would match the quote with quote validation).
- 3. Otherwise. → Same as without quote validation, i.e. match the order against any other orders in the order book and put the remaining volume in the order book of the security.

Orders that are placed in the queue are accepted but not executed nor visible in the market data. This is reflected in the *Execution Report* by having *WorkingIndicator* set to N (*Not Yet In Working*)

State). Orders that are deleted are removed from the queue immediately. An order in the queue that is modified will be moved to the end of the queue if the modification would cause the order to lose priority, otherwise the order will keep its place in the queue.

Immediately when an order is inserted into an empty queue a *Quote Request* message is sent to the market maker, indicating that a trade is imminent. Notice that no information about the order (price, type or volume) is given to the market maker. The market maker must reply to the *Quote Request* as fast as possible, within a specified time period (default 600 ms). If no answer arrives within this period the quote is removed from the order book.

The quote update is matched against the order book before the queue, this is because the update is modelled as occurring exactly before the first order was placed in the queue.

If the quote is removed, then all order operations in the queue are simply executed.

A quote update that is not a direct response to a *Quote Request* while awaiting a response, will be rejected. This way a market maker cannot accidentally accept a *Quote Request*. Once the reply is received or the timeout has been reached, spontaneous quote updates will be accepted again.

3.12. Quote on Demand

Quote on demand is a mechanism where an order can initiate a private auction, separate from the central limit order book matching. A *Quote Request* is sent to the market makers for the security, and only the order quantity is revealed by default (side is not revealed by default). Before the automatic auction ends (default 1 second) the market makers must reply with a *Quote* to participate. The order is locked throughout the auction, while quotes may be continuously updated.

At the auction uncross, only the order can match against the market maker quotes, i.e. quotes does not match against each other. If the entire order volume can be matched, trade(s) will be disseminated and any remaining quotes canceled. Otherwise, the order and any quotes are canceled.

Optionally, the order may have a sweep order book instruction. In this case, the order will also match against the central limit order book at the uncross time.

To initiate an automatic quote on demand auction, the *AuctionType* set to 100 (QodAuto) in the order, and *TimeInForce* must be to B (Good for Auction). The sweep order book instruction is activated by setting *ExecInst* to 'd' (*Sweep Order Book*).

Note

Since the order is locked throughout the duration of the automatic auction, the *ExecInst* value 'o' (*Cancel on Connection Loss*) is not allowed here.

4. Market Data Service

The market data service is mainly used for receiving reference data and market data from the exchange. The traffic is almost entirely of a non-interactive "broadcast" nature. Non-interactive since information is sent spontaneously from the exchange (not in direct response to a request from the user). Broadcast since the same information is sent to all users of the service.

Examples of non-interactive traffic include public orders and trades as well as security definitions. An example of interactive traffic is snapshot messages.

As a consequence of the non-interactive and broadcast properties of the service, data (typically orders from other users) is pushed to a user's session even when a user is offline. No subscription requests are required nor supported by the service. Instead, a user needs to synchronize with the service when logging on, either on the session level (by requesting retransmission of lost messages) or on the application level (by requesting snapshots).

Note that for scalability reasons the public service can be divided into multiple FIX sessions. The public data is then partitioned by security, meaning that security data and market data for a given security is only sent on one of the FIX sessions. Reference data such as market structure and trading session status is sent on all FIX sessions.

When multiple FIX sessions are used, the sessions should be considered independent of each other since no guarantees regarding timing between the sessions can be made.

4.1. Full Snapshot Recovery

On the public service snapshots can be requested for the following:

Market Structure	See the <i>Market Definition Request</i> message in Section 4.5.2, "Mar- ket Definition Request (BT)".
Trading Session Status	See the <i>Trading Session Status Request</i> message in Section 4.5.6, "Trading Session Status Request (g)".
Securities	See the Security List Request message in Section 4.4.2, "Security List Request (x)".
Security Status	See the Security Mass Status Request message in Section 4.4.5, "Security Mass Status Request (CN)".
Market Data	See the <i>Market Data Request</i> message in Section 4.6.2, "Market Data Request (V)".
Corporate Actions	See the Corporate Action Request message in Section 4.7.3, "Corporate Action Request (U2)".

4.2. Message Overview

The following messages can be sent/received by the client to/from the market data service. Depending on the role only a subset of the following messages may be sent/received.

Note that since no operations that modify data are permitted on the public service the messages for *All* and *Read-only* filtering rules are the same.

Message	Class	All?	Read- only?
MarketDataRequest	Market data	re	end
MarketDataSnapshotFullRefresh	Market data		ecv
MarketDataIncrementalRefresh	Market data		ecv
MarketDataRequestReject	Market data		ecv
SecurityListRequest	Security	re	end
SecurityList	Security		ecv
SecurityDefinitionUpdateReport	Security		ecv
SecurityMassStatusRequest	Security status		end
SecurityStatus	Security status		ecv
MarketDefinitionRequest	Market structure	re	end
MarketDefinition	Market structure		ecv
MarketDefinitionUpdateReport	Market structure		ecv
TradingSessionStatusRequest	Trading session status		end
TradingSessionStatus	Trading session status		ecv
CorporateActionReport	Corporate action		ecv
CorporateActionRequest	Corporate action		end

Table 2. Message overview.

The following are examples of roles that can be useful when not all information is required or can be handled.

Reference data

is only needed, i.e. list of securities and market segments: Market Structure=read-only, Securities=read-only, Corporate Actions=none, Trading Session Status=none, Security Status=none, Market Data=none.

Reference data with status

is needed, i.e. list of securities and market segments and the trading status of the market segments and securities: Market Structure=read-only, Securities=read-only, Corporate Actions=read-only, Trading Session Status=read-only, Security Status=read-only, Market Data=none.

4.3. Component Blocks

4.3.1. Security Defaults

Security parameters that can have default values on the market segment level, and overridden on security level.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
15	Currency	String	Ν	
	ISO 4217 currency code.			
543	InstrRegistry	String	Ν	
	Values may include BIC for the depositor records, the ISO country code for the loco specify physical ownership of the security	, ation of the record, or the va		
40471	BusinessCenter	String	Ν	
	A business center whose calendar is used	enter whose calendar is used for date adjustment, e.g. "GBLO".		
20070	ZonelD	String	Ν	
	The IANA Time Zone identifier which is us Custom field.	ed for local time and date co	onversions.	

4.3.2. Trading Rules

Trading rules that can be specified on market segment level and overridden on security level.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req		
562	MinTradeVol	decimal	Ν		
	Minimum trading volume that can be submitted				
561	RoundLot	decimal	Ν		
423	PriceType	uint32	Ν		
	Defines the default Price Type used for tr 1=Percentage (i.e. percent of par) 2=Per unit (i.e. per share or contract)	ading.			
20054	MaxOrderExpireDuration	uint32	Ν		
	Max duration in seconds of ExpireTime in GTC orders. Custom field.				
20055	MaxTradeTransBkdTimeDiff	uint32	Ν		
	Max time difference in seconds between TransactTime and TransBkdTime of trades, i.e. how far back in time a manual trade can be reported. Custom field.				
1205	NoTickRules	Sequence	Ν		
	This block specifies the rules for determin increments at which it can be quoted an		he price		
1206	→StartTickPriceRange	decimal	Ν		
	Starting price range for specified tick increment.				
1207	→EndTickPriceRange	decimal	Ν		
	Ending price range for specified tick increment.				
1208	→TickIncrement	decimal	Ν		

-	Field Name	Туре	Req		
	Tick increment for stated price range.				
1235	NoMatchRules	Sequence	Ν		
1142	→MatchAlgorithm	String	Y		
	The type of algorithm used to match orders in this market segment. "price-time"=FIFO matching with price-time order priority. "price-internal-time"=FIFO matching with price-internal-time order price				
574	→MatchType	char	N		
	The point in the matching process at which 'I'=One-Party Trade Report (privately negotive) '2'=Two-Party Trade Report (privately negotive) '4'=Auto-match '7'=Call Auction 'x'=Manually Matched Trade Report	iated trade)	applies.		
20056	NoMarketOrderRules	Sequence	N		
20057	→MarketOrderRule	uint32	Y		
	 2=Allow market orders to be placed into the 3=Market order protection enabled. Indicate the market maker is present when submittin orders. 4=Reveal market order in market data. 5=Match immediate market order only aga uous trading. Not applicable to non-immed 	tes whether retailers are g instantaneous (IOC of inst the best price level of	r FoK) marke		
20058	OrderProtectionAuctionTimeMin	uint32	N		
	Lower bound in milliseconds of duration of the order protection auction. Custom field.				
20059		uint32			
20059	OrderProtectionAuctionTimeMax	unt32	N		
20059	OrderProtectionAuctionTimeMax Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of t field.				
	Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of				
	Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of field.	the order protection audu	ction. <mark>Custor</mark> N		
20067	Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of the field. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMin Lower bound in milliseconds of duration of the field of th	the order protection audu	ction. <mark>Custor</mark> N		
20067	Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of the field. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMin Lower bound in milliseconds of duration of the field.	the order protection aud uint32 the missing reference pr uint32	ction. <mark>Custor</mark> N ice auction. N		
20059 20067 20068 20052	Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of the field.MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMinLower bound in milliseconds of duration of the Custom field.MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMaxUpper bound in milliseconds of duration of the Custom field.	the order protection aud uint32 the missing reference pr uint32	ction. <mark>Custor</mark> N ice auction. N		
20067 20068	Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of the field.MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMinLower bound in milliseconds of duration of the Custom field.MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMaxUpper bound in milliseconds of duration of the Custom field.	the order protection aud uint32 the missing reference pr uint32 the missing reference pr char d on this instrument. AS	ction. Custor N ice auction. N rice auction. N		
20067 20068 20052	Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of trield. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMin Lower bound in milliseconds of duration of treatment Custom field. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMax Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of treatment Custom field. AllowReserveOrder Indicates whether reserve orders are allowed meration (boolean). Custom field.	the order protection aud uint32 the missing reference pr uint32 the missing reference pr char d on this instrument. AS	ction. Custor N ice auction. N rice auction. N		
20067 20068 20052	Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of trield. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMin Lower bound in milliseconds of duration of treestore field. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMax Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of treestore field. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMax Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of treestore field. AllowReserveOrder Indicates whether reserve orders are allowed meration (boolean). Custom field. 'Y'=Reserve order allowed on instrument 'N'=Reserve order not allowed on instrument	the order protection aud uint32 the missing reference pr uint32 the missing reference pr char d on this instrument. AS t decimal r both new orders and o	ction. Custor N ice auction. N rice auction. N CII char enu N order modifi-		
20067 20068 20052 20051	Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of trield. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMin Lower bound in milliseconds of duration of treatment Custom field. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMax Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of treatment Vission field. AllowReserveOrder Indicates whether reserve orders are allowed meration (boolean). Custom field. 'Y'=Reserve order allowed on instrument 'N'=Reserve order not allowed on instrument MinReserveOrderValue Minimum reserve order value, applicable for cations. If the field is absent or set to 0 it meta	the order protection aud uint32 the missing reference pr uint32 the missing reference pr char d on this instrument. AS t decimal r both new orders and o	ction. Custor N ice auction. N rice auction. N CII char enu N order modifi-		
20067 20068 20052 20051	Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of trield. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMin Lower bound in milliseconds of duration of tree Custom field. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMax Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of tree Custom field. AllowReserveOrder Indicates whether reserve orders are allowed meration (boolean). Custom field. Y'=Reserve order allowed on instrument 'N'=Reserve order not allowed on instrument MinReserveOrderValue Minimum reserve order value, applicable for Custom field.	the order protection and uint32 the missing reference pr uint32 the missing reference pr char d on this instrument. AS t decimal r both new orders and a eans that there are no m String	ction. Custor N ice auction. N rice auction. N CII char enu N order modifi- ninimum valu		
20067 20068	Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of trield. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMin Lower bound in milliseconds of duration of treatment Custom field. MissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMax Upper bound in milliseconds of duration of treatment VissingReferencePriceAuctionTimeMax AllowReserveOrder Indicates whether reserve orders are allowed meration (boolean). Custom field. MinReserveOrderValue Minimum reserve order value, applicable for cations. If the field is absent or set to 0 it meta Custom field. MinReserveOrderValueCurrency	the order protection and uint32 the missing reference pr uint32 the missing reference pr char d on this instrument. AS t decimal r both new orders and a eans that there are no m String	ction. Custor N ice auction. N rice auction. N CII char enu N order modifi- ninimum valu		

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	Market data visibility rules. Custom field. 1=Reveal counterparty information for orde 2=Distribute orders during Pre-Open 3=Distribute equilibrium price during auction		
20063	NoPartyRules	Sequence	N
20064	→PartyRule	uint32	Y
	Party information rules that applies. Custor 1=Executing trader is required for orders an 2=ClientID is required for orders. 3=ClientID is NOT permitted for quotes.		
20065	NoTradeReportRules	Sequence	N
20066	→TradeReportRule	uint32	Y
	Rules for manual trade reports. Custom fiel 1=Allow all trade reports. 2=Allow only trade reports that do not add its.		Cap (DVC) lim-

4.4. Security Messages

In this document order book and security are used interchangeably. Two order books for the same instrument (e.g. different currencies) will be defined as two securities.

4.4.1. Security Component Block

This component block is used to define a security. The security is described in detail using the *SecurityXML* field. The format of the XML is described in *NGM XML* Security Specification.

The *PriceType* of the security controls the type of the *Price* field in orders and quotes for the security. When *PriceType* is percentage then a price of 99.5% is specified as Price=99.5.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <securityref></securityref>		
454	NoSecurityAltID	Sequence	N
455	→SecurityAltID	String	Y
	Alternative security identifier of type sp	ecified in SecurityAltIDSour	ce.
456	→SecurityAltIDSource	char	Y
	Identifies the class of SecurityID. 'M'=Marketplace-assigned identifier '4'=ISIN '8'=Exchange Symbol 'D'=Valoren		
	D=Valoren		
	component block <securitydefaults></securitydefaults>		
1310		Sequence	N
1310	component block <securitydefaults></securitydefaults>	•	N
	component block <securitydefaults></securitydefaults> NoMarketSegments	•	N
1310 1301	component block <securitydefaults>NoMarketSegmentsA security is strictly member of one market</securitydefaults>	<mark>ket segment.</mark> String	
	component block <securitydefaults> NoMarketSegments A security is strictly member of one management →MarketID</securitydefaults>	<mark>ket segment.</mark> String	
1301	component block <securitydefaults> NoMarketSegments A security is strictly member of one manner →MarketID Identifies the market. ISO 10383 Market</securitydefaults>	ket segment. String Identifier Code (MIC).	N
1301	component block <securitydefaults> NoMarketSegments A security is strictly member of one man →MarketID Identifies the market. ISO 10383 Market →MarketSegmentID</securitydefaults>	ket segment. String Identifier Code (MIC).	N

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
1185	SecurityXML	UnicodeString		
	XML data describing the security.			
20069	LiquidityStatus	uint32	Ν	
	Liquidity status classification of this secur <mark>Custom field.</mark> 1=Liquid 2=Illiquid	rity. Absence means unknow	n or N/A.	

4.4.2. Security List Request (x)

A list of the all available securities are requested with the Security List Request message. The request will be replied to with one or more Security List messages. The last Security List message will always be indicated with the LastFragment field set to 'Y'. Note that a reply with 0 repeating securities may be sent as a reply.

In the event of a malformed request, the response will be a *Security List* message with *SecurityRequestResult* set to 1 (Invalid or unsupported request).

SecurityListRequest:

- is replied to with a SecurityList message, with SecurityRequestResult set to 0 (ValidRequest) and SecurityReqID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a SecurityList message, with SecurityRequestResult set to the reject reason and SecurityReqID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to x
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the SecurityListRequest message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
320	SecurityReqID	String	Y

4.4.3. Security List (y)

Response to Security List Request.

SecurityList is sent:

- in reply to a *SecurityListRequest* message, with SecurityRequestResult set to 0 (ValidRequest) and SecurityReqID set to the value in the request message
- to reject a SecurityListRequest message, with SecurityRequestResult set to the reject reason and SecurityReqID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
320	SecurityReqID	String	N
560	SecurityRequestResult	uint32	N
	0=Valid request (default) 1=Invalid or unsupported request		
893	LastFragment	char	N
	Indicates whether this is the last fragm 'N'=Not Last Message	ent in a sequence of messa	ge fragment

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	'Y'=Last Message		
146	NoRelatedSym	Sequence	Ν
	\rightarrow component block <security></security>		

4.4.4. Security Definition Update Report (BP)

Incremental (unsolicited) update of available securities.

SecurityDefinitionUpdateReport is sent:

• unsolicited, when a change occurs

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>			
980	SecurityUpdateAction	char	Ν	
	'A'=Add 'D'=Delete 'M'=Modify			
20027	SecurityMoveIndicator	char	Ν	
	Absence means No 'Y'=Yes. The SecurityUpdateAction (Add/Delete) is a move between two market data channels. 'N'=No. The security appears for the first time/is permanently removed			
	component block <security></security>			
58	Text	String	Ν	
	Comment, instructions or other identifying information.			

4.4.5. Security Mass Status Request (CN)

The status of all securities can be requested with the Security Mass Status Request message. The reply is one or more Security Status messages. The last Security Status message will always be indicated with the LastRptRequested field set to 'Y'. In the unlikely event that there is no security defined a dummy Security Status message with SecurityID absent (null) and LastRptRequested field set to 'Y' will be sent as a response.

Notice that the security status snapshot and the security list snapshot is an exception that all replies are in the same order as the requests sent. The correct behaviour to counter this is to request the security status once the complete security list has been received.

If no Security Status message is received for a security the trading status should be considered closed.

SecurityMassStatusRequest:

- is replied to with a SecurityStatus message, with SecurityStatusReqID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to CN
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the SecurityMassStatusRequest message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
324	SecurityStatusReqID	String	Y

4.4.6. Security Stat Component Block

This component block is used to describe the status of a security.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
326	SecurityTradingStatus	uint32	Ν
	2=Trading halt 4=No Open / No Resume (closed) 17=Ready to trade (open) 18=Not available for trading (post open) 20=Unknown or Invalid (Request Reject) 21=Pre-open 101=Opening auction 102=Closing auction 103=Scheduled auction		
327	HaltReason	uint32	Ν
	Denotes the reason for the Opening Delay 100=Regulatory Halt 101=Other	or Trading Halt.	
292	CorporateAction	MultipleStringValue	Ν
	"A"=Ex-Dividend "C"=Ex-Rights "I"=Reverse Stock Split "J"=Standard-Integer Stock Split "Q"=Tender Offer		
291	FinancialStatus	MultipleStringValue	Ν
	All values are mutually exclusive except 'U tion mode' which can appear together with "W"=Knockout "X"=Knockout buyback "U"=Buyback "U"=Buyback "V"=Distribution "Z"=Under observation "D"=Volatility guard dynamic "S"=Volatility guard dynamic "S"=Volatility guard static "M"=Order protection mode "P"=Order protection mode "P"=Order protection auction "Q"=Manual matching "C"=Recalculated "R"=Missing reference price auction "G"=Generic (unscheduled) auction		er protec-

4.4.7. Security Status (f)

The Security Status message is used for unsolicited updates of security status and for replies to a Security Mass Status Request.

SecurityStatus is sent:

- unsolicited, when a change occurs
- in reply to a SecurityMassStatusRequest message, with SecurityStatusReqID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
324	SecurityStatusReqID	String	Ν

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
912	LastRptRequested	char	Ν
	Indicates that this is the last report which will be returned as a result of the request. Field added. 'N'=Not Last Message 'Y'=Last Message		
	component block <securityref></securityref>		
	component block <securitystat></securitystat>		

4.5. Market Structure Messages

Each security belongs to one (and only one) market segment. The market segments can be organized in a hierarchy, but market segments do not inherit properties and status from their parent market segment. Each market segment has one (and only one) trading session, which is used to convey the status of the market segment.

The market status is conveyed using the *Trading Session Status* message. The status of each security is sent individually using the *Security Status* message. The timing between the market status and the security status is not perfect, especially in the case of randomized opening of the market. This means that the security status should be used to see if e.g. the security is open for trading, and the market status should be used to see if the market segment is open or not.

4.5.1. Market Component Block

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
1301	MarketID	String	Y	
	ISO 10383 Market Identifier Code (MIC).			
1300	MarketSegmentID	String	N	
	Identifies the market segment.			
1396	MarketSegmentDesc	String	N	
	Description or name of market segment.			
1397	EncodedMktSegmDescLen	Length	N	
1398	EncodedMktSegmDesc	UnicodeString		
	Encoded (non-ASCII) description or name of market segment.			
1325	ParentMktSegmID	String	N	
	Reference to a parent market segment.			
	component block <securitydefaults></securitydefaults>			
	component block <tradingrules></tradingrules>			

This component block is used to define a market.

4.5.2. Market Definition Request (BT)

A snapshot of the market structure can be obtained through a *Market Definition Request* message. The request will be replied to with one or more *Market Definition* messages. The last *Market Definition* message will always be indicated with *LastRptRequested* field set to 'Y'. In the unlikely event that there are no market or market segments defined a dummy *Market Definition* message with *MarketID* set to "[N/A]" and *LastRptRequested* field set to 'Y' will be sent as a response.

In the event of a malformed request, the response will be a *Business Message Reject* message.

MarketDefinitionRequest:

• is replied to with a *MarketDefinition* message, with MarketReqID set to the value in the request message

- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to BT
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the MarketDefinitionRequest message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
1393	MarketReqID	String	Y
	Unique request id.		
263	SubscriptionRequestType	char	Y
	'0'=Snapshot		

4.5.3. Market Definition (BU)

The Market Definition message is used for delivering a snapshot of the market structure.

MarketDefinition is sent:

• in reply to a *MarketDefinitionRequest* message, with MarketReqID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
1393	MarketReqID	String	N
	Reference to the request.		
912	LastRptRequested	char	N
	Indicates that this is the last report which will be returned as a result of the request. Field added. 'N'=Not Last Message 'Y'=Last Message		
	component block <market></market>		

4.5.4. Market Definition Update Report (BV)

The Market Definition Update Report message is used for delivering an incremental update of the market structure.

MarketDefinitionUpdateReport is sent:

• unsolicited, when a change occurs

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
1394	MarketReportID	String	Y
	Unique identifier for each MarketDefinitionUpdateReport message.		
1395	MarketUpdateAction	char	Ν
	'A'=Add 'D'=Delete 'M'=Modify		
	component block <market></market>		

4.5.5. Trading Session Component Block

This component block is used to describe the trading session status of a market.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req		
1301	MarketID	String	Ν		
	Market for which Trading Session applies.				
1300	MarketSegmentID	String	N		
	Market Segment for which Trading Sessio	n applies.			
335	TradSesReqID	String	N		
	Trading Session Status Request ID				
340	TradSesStatus	uint32	Y		
	1=Halted 2=Open 3=Closed				
	4=Pre-Open 5=Pre-Close 6=Request Rejected 7=Opening auction 8=Closing auction 9=Scheduled auction				
912	5=Pre-Close 6=Request Rejected 7=Opening auction 8=Closing auction	char	N		
912	5=Pre-Close 6=Request Rejected 7=Opening auction 8=Closing auction 9=Scheduled auction				
912 58	5=Pre-Close 6=Request Rejected 7=Opening auction 8=Closing auction 9=Scheduled auction LastRptRequested Indicates that this is the last message whi request. Field added. 'N'=Not Last Message				

4.5.6. Trading Session Status Request (g)

The status of the trading sessions (market segments) can be obtained through the *Trading Session Status Request* message. The request will be replied to with one or more *Trading Session Status* messages. The last *Trading Session Status* message will always be indicated with *LastRptRequested* field set to 'Y'. In the unlikely event that there is no market or trading session (market segment) defined a dummy *Trading Session Status* message with *MarketID* set to "[N/A]" and *LastRptretRequested* field set to 'Y' will be sent as a response.

TradingSessionStatusRequest:

- is replied to with a *TradingSessionStatus* message, with TradSesReqID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to g
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the TradingSessionStatusRequest message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
335	TradSesReqID	String	Y
	Unique request id.		
263	SubscriptionRequestType	char	Y
	'0'=Snapshot		

4.5.7. Trading Session Status (h)

Provides information on the status of a market. The *Trading Session Status* message is sent both as a reply to a previous request and unsolicited whenever the status of a trading session changes.

TradingSessionStatus is sent:

- unsolicited, when a change occurs
- in reply to a *TradingSessionStatusRequest* message, with TradSesReqID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
	component block <tradingsession></tradingsession>		

4.6. Market Data Messages

The *MDEntryID* field contains the trade id for trades and the public order id for orders. The id is static, meaning that it will not change through the lifetime of the order or the trade. It is not used for other entry types (e.g. high price).

- **Bid ('0')** *MDEntryPx* and *MDEntrySize* contains the price and volume of the bid order or quote. Market orders do not have a price.
- **Offer ('1')** *MDEntryPx* and *MDEntrySize* contains the price and volume of the offer order or quote. Market orders do not have a price.
- **Trade ('2')** *MDEntryPx* and *MDEntrySize* contains the price and volume of the trade.

The statistics are maintained for session and day. The values can be requested in a snapshot until they are generated or cleared next time.

- **Session** *MDStatScope* set to "1". The Session runs from the moment the security status enters pre-open until it is closed. If a snapshot is requested it will send the current statistics (in synchronization with incremental updates) so the client can continue calculating the statistics with trades as a basis. If a snapshot is asked when an order book is closed, the statistics of the last session will be sent. When the statistics are reset at the start of the pre-trade an increment with all values except closing (which will be the closing of the previous session) set to 0 will be sent.
- Day MDStatScope set to "2". The Day statistics start at 00:00 (market time) and ends 23:59:59:999. If a snapshot is requested it will send the current statistics (in synchronization with incremental updates) so the client can continue calculating the statistics with trades as a basis. When the statistics are reset at midnight an increment with all values except closing (which will be the closing of the previous session) set to 0 will be sent. Also note that the Day closing price can be set to the theoretical price of an instrument, and must thus not necessarily be a direct reflection of the trades conducted in the order book of the instrument.

Opening statistics for the *day session* is defined as the first opening of any session and the last closing taken from the last session. Session and day values are differentiated by the *MDStatsScope* field.

Opening Price ('4') *MDEntryPx* contains the price.

Closing Price ('5') *MDEntryPx* contains the price. The *TransactTime* contains the time the closing price was generated. A day or official day closing price with the MarketMakerQuote field set to 'Y' indicates that the closing price is theoretical and based on the quotation of the market maker.

The following *MDEntryTypes* will only be sent when they are reset (beginning of trading session or day) and whenever they are changed due to a trade cancellation. If the receiver need these values continuously they can be calculated based on received trades. A trade will have the *Stat*-

sIndicators set for the statistics it affects. When a trade cancel occurs the affected *MDEntryType* will also be sent with its new value. E.g. if a cancelled trade would affect the high price a new high price is sent directly after the trade cancellation. This way the receiver do not have to calculate the statistics based on cancelled trades, only new trades.

High Price ('7')	<i>MDEntryPx</i> contains the price. Updated when <i>StatsIndicators</i> contains <i>StatsType</i> "High/Low Price".
Low Price ('8')	<i>MDEntryPx</i> contains the price. Updated when <i>StatsIndicators</i> contains <i>StatsType</i> "High/Low Price".
First Price ('x')	<i>MDEntryPx</i> contains the price. Updated when <i>StatsIndicators</i> contains <i>StatsType</i> "Exchange Last". The first price is updated according to the trade time (<i>TransBkdTime</i> if present, otherwise <i>TransactTime</i>) of trades (which need not be delivered in this order in case of manually reported trades). <i>TransactTime</i> contains the first execution time.
Last Price ('y')	<i>MDEntryPx</i> contains the price. Updated when <i>StatsIndicators</i> contains <i>StatsType</i> "Exchange Last". The last price is updated according to the trade time (<i>TransBkdTime</i> if present, otherwise <i>TransactTime</i>) of trades (which need not be delivered in this order in case of manually reported trades). <i>TransactTime</i> contains the last execution time.
VWAP Turnover/Volume ('w')	<i>MDEntryPx</i> and <i>MDEntrySize</i> contains the turnover and trade volume. The actual VWAP is calculated as the turnover divided by the volume. Updated when <i>StatsIndicators</i> contains <i>StatsType</i> "Average Price".
Trade Volume ('B')	<i>MDEntrySize</i> contains the trade volume. Updated when <i>Stat-sIndicators</i> contains <i>StatsType</i> "Turnover".
Late Trade Volume ('u')	The trade volume of late reported trades, e.g. from previous day or session. <i>MDEntrySize</i> contains the trade volume. Updated when <i>StatsIndicators</i> contains <i>StatsType</i> "Late Turnover". Note: This value can be negative, e.g. if a trade from previous day or session is cancelled.
Turnover ('z')	<i>MDEntryPx</i> contains the turnover. Updated when <i>StatsIndicators</i> contains <i>StatsType</i> "Turnover".
Late Turnover ('v')	The turnover of late reported trades, e.g. from previous day or session. <i>MDEntryPx</i> contains the turnover. Updated when <i>StatsIndicators</i> contains <i>StatsType</i> "Late Turnover". Note: This value can be negative, e.g. if a trade from previous day or session is cancelled.

For any auction, opening auction, closing auction or volatility guard auction, the equilibrium price, available bid and ask volume are continuously disseminated during and upon entry of the auction for each order book. The equilibrium price with available buy and sell volume are updated every time there is a change in an order book but no more than once per second per order book. In the case where an order book is not crossed, the fields equilibrium price and volume are absent (null).

Both MDEntries *Equilibrium Buy* and *Equilibrium Sell* are sent synchronously in pairs for each order book.

Equilibrium Buy ('b')	If the order book is crossed <i>MDEntryPx</i> contains the equilibrium price and <i>MDEntrySize</i> contains available buy volume at equilibrium price, otherwise <i>MDEntryPx</i> and <i>MDEntrySize</i> are absent (null).
Equilibrium Sell ('s')	If the order book is crossed <i>MDEntryPx</i> contains the equilibrium price and <i>MDEntrySize</i> contains available sell volume at equilibrium price, otherwise <i>MDEntryPx</i> and <i>MDEntrySize</i> are absent (null).

4.6.1. MDEntry Component Block

This component block is used to define a market data entry, e.g. an order, trade or closing price.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req	
269	MDEntryType '0'=Bid '1'=Offer '2'=Trade '4'=Opening Price '5'=Closing Price '7'=Trading Session High Price '8'=Trading Session Low Price 'B'=Trade Volume	char	Y	
	'u'=Late Trade Volume 'v'=Late Turnover 'w'=VWAP Turnover/Volume 'x'=First Price 'y'=Last Price 'z'=Turnover 'b'=Equilibrium Buy 's'=Equilibrium Sell 'r'=Accrued Interest Rate (100 = 100%).			
20016	MDStatScope	uint32	Ν	
	Defines the scope of the statistics in perio 1=Session 2=Day	ods of time. <mark>Custom field.</mark>		
270	MDEntryPx	decimal	N	
	Entry price.			
271	MDEntrySize	decimal	Ν	
	Entry quantity.			
278	MDEntryID	String	Ν	
	Refers to previous MDEntryID when MDU	pdateAction=Change or De	lete.	
290	MDEntryPositionNo	uint32	Ν	
	Display position of a bid or offer within a petitive to least competitive, per market set when MDUpdateAction is New or Cho	side, beginning with 1. This v	alue is only	
288	MDEntryBuyer	String	Ν	
	Marketplace assigned member code. Re or Trade and counterparties are not hidd	,	tryType is Bic	
289	MDEntrySeller	String	Ν	
	Marketplace assigned member code. Reveals the seller when MDEntryType is Offer or Trade and counterparties are not hidden in the security.			
574	MatchType	char	Ν	
	Match type for trades. '1'=One-Party Trade Report (privately neg '2'=Two-Party Trade Report (privately neg '4'=Auto-match '7'=Call Auction 'x'=Manually Matched Trade Report			
828	TrdType	uint32	Ν	
	Trade type for trades. 0=Regular Trade	1		

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	52=Exchange Granted Trade		
277	TradeCondition	MultipleStringValue	Ν
	Trade conditions set by exchange. "I"=Sold Last (late reporting) "AV"=Outside Spread "X0"=Outside Spread Unknown "XB"=Knockout buyback Trade "XS"=Buyback Trade "XD"=Distribution Trade "XAO"=Opening auction Trade "XAO"=Opening auction Trade "XAC"=Closing auction Trade "XAC"=Closing auction Trade "XAD"=Volatility guard dynamic auc "XAS"=Volatility guard static auction "XAP"=Order protection auction Tra "XAP"=Order protection auction Tra "XAR"=Missing reference price auct "XLI"=Large In Scale trade "0"=Cancel (only used in snapshot) "6"=Benchmark trade. MiFID II regul "XQ"=Quote on demand trade.	n Trade Ide ion trade	
1839	TrdPriceCondition	uint32	Ν
	Applies only to manual trades. MiFID II regulatory field. 13=Special dividend Trade. 15=Non-price forming Trade. 16=Trade not contributing to the price discovery process		
2667	AlgorithmicTrdIndicator	uint32	Ν
	MiFID II regulatory field. Absence me 0=Non-algorithmic trade 1=Algorithmic trade	eans '0'.	
1115	OrderCategory	char	Ν
	Applies only to manual trades. MiFIE '3'=Privately Negotiated Trade	Oll regulatory field.	
2668	NoTrdRegPublications	Sequence	Ν
	Applies only to manual trades. MiFIL) II regulatory field.	
2669	\rightarrow TrdRegPublicationType	uint32	Ν
	0=Pre-trade transparency waiver		
2670	→TrdRegPublReason	uint32	Ν
0=No preceding order in book as transaction price set within av liquid instrument. ESMA RTS "NLIQ". 1=No preceding order in book as transaction price depends on s ence price for an illiquid instrument. ESMA RTS "OILQ". 2=No preceding order in book as transaction price is for transact conditions other than current market price. ESMA RTS "PRIC".		nsaction price depends on systen ESMA RTS "OILQ". ansaction price is for transaction s	n-set refer-
1093	LotType	char	Ν
	Defines the lot type assigned to the '1'=Odd Lot '2'=Round Lot	order.	
60	TransactTime	UTCTimestampMicros	Ν
	When the trade was executed or wh celled. For official statistics this deno tially).		
483	TransBkdTime	UTCTimestampMicros	Ν

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	When the trade was booked, if other than reports. Field added (partially).	TransactTime. Used for ma	nual trade
5797	AggressorSide	char	Ν
	Indicates which side is aggressor of the trade. If there is no value present, then there is no aggressor. Custom field. '1'=buy '2'=sell		ent, then
20033	MarketMakerQuote	char	Ν
	Indicates that this MDEntry originates from a Market Maker quote. Only applica- ble if MDEntryType = '0', '1' or '5'. ASCII char enumeration (boolean). Custom field. Absence means 'N'. 'N'=Not Market Maker Quote 'Y'=Market Maker Quote		

4.6.2. Market Data Request (V)

Market data (orders, trades, etc.) can be requested with the *Market Data Request* message. The reply is one or more *Market Data Snapshot Full Refresh* messages. Requested market data types (for example bid and offers or trades) must be specified through specifying one or more Market Data Entry Types. Only trades for the last 72 hours are available. Note that a reply with 0 repeating market data entries may be sent as a reply. The last *Market Data Snapshot Full Refresh* message will always be indicated with the *LastRptRequested* field set to 'Y'. In the unlikely event that there are no securities defined a dummy *Market Data Snapshot Full Refresh* message with *SecurityID* absent (null) and *LastRptRequested* field set to 'Y' will be sent as a response.

Parallel requests with equal *MDReqID* will be rejected, the requester should either use a unique *MDReqId* for each request or perform the requests sequentially.

In the event of a malformed request, the response will be a Market Data Request Reject message.

MarketDataRequest:

- is replied to with a *MarketDataSnapshotFullRefresh* message, with MDReqID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *MarketDataRequestReject* message, with MDReqRejReason set to the reject reason and MDReqID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to V
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the MarketDataRequest message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
262	MDReqID	String	Y
	Unique identifier for Market Data Reque	st.	
263	SubscriptionRequestType	char	Y
	'0'=Snapshot		
264	MarketDepth	uint32	Y
	Valid values: 0=Full book		
267	NoMDEntryTypes	Sequence	Y

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	Requested entry types. Empty list means	all entry types.	
269	→MDEntryType	char	Y
	'0'=Bid '1'=Offer '2'=Trade '4'=Opening Price '5'=Closing Price '7'=Trading Session High Price '8'=Trading Session Low Price '8'=Trade Volume 'u'=Late Trade Volume 'u'=Late Trade Volume 'v'=Late Turnover 'w'=VWAP Turnover/Volume 'x'=First Price 'y'=Last Price 'z'=Turnover 'b'=Equilibrium Buy 's'=Equilibrium Sell 'r'=Accrued Interest Rate (100 = 100%).		
580	NoDates	Sequence	Ν
	Range of dates for requested trades. Sind dates, inclusive. Sequence added.	ce (NoDates=1) or Between (N	VoDates=2)
60	→TransactTime	UTCTimestampMicros	Y
	When the trade was created.		

4.6.3. Market Data Snapshot Full Refresh (W)

Response to a Market Data Request.

MarketDataSnapshotFullRefresh is sent:

• in reply to a MarketDataRequest message, with MDReqID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
262	MDReqID	String	Ν
	component block <securityref></securityref>		
268	NoMDEntries	Sequence	Y
	→component block <mdentry></mdentry>		/
912	LastRptRequested	char	Ν
	Indicates that this is the last report which will be returned as a result of request. <mark>Field added.</mark> 'N'=Not Last Message 'Y'=Last Message		t of the

4.6.4. Market Data Incremental Refresh (X)

Incremental (unsolicited) update of market data.

MarketDataIncrementalRefresh is sent:

• unsolicited, when a public change occurs in the market, for example order updates, new trades, etc.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
268	NoMDEntries	Sequence	Y
	→component block <mdentry></mdentry>		,
279	→MDUpdateAction	char	Y
	'0'=New '1'=Change '2'=Delete		
	→component block <securityref></securityref>		
1175	→NoStatsIndicators	Sequence	N
1176	→→StatsType	uint32	Y
	Type of statistics. 1=Exchange Last 2=High / Low Price 3=Average Price (VWAP, TWAP etc) 4=Turnover 100=Late Turnover		

4.6.5. Market Data Request Reject (Y)

Reject of a Market Data Request in case of a malformed request.

MarketDataRequestReject is sent:

• to reject a *MarketDataRequest* message, with MDReqRejReason set to the reject reason and MDReqID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
262	MDReqID	String	Y
	Refers to the request.		
281	MDReqRejReason	char	N
	'1'=Duplicate MDReqID '2'=Insufficient Bandwidth '3'=Insufficient Permissions '4'=Unsupported SubscriptionRequestType '5'=Unsupported MarketDepth '6'=Unsupported MDUpdateType '8'=Unsupported MDEntryType 'A'=Unsupported Scope 'x'=Invalid		
58	Text	String	N
	Error message.		

4.7. Corporate Action Messages

4.7.1. Corp Action Component Block

This component block defines a corporate action, such as a split. The corporate action message defines a corporate action and it's parameters while the flag in the security status is meerly an indicator for the trader to be observant of events that will or recently has occured. Notice that a corporate action that has been executed may never be deleted and only the description may be modified.

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
20004	CorpActionType	uint32	Ν
	The type of corporate action. Custom fie 0=Cash dividend 1=Split 2=Reverse-split 3=Rights issue 99=Other	Id.	
20005	CorpActionID	String	Ν
	Unique identifier for this corporate action	n event. <mark>Custom field.</mark>	
20008	CorpActionDescr	String	Ν
	Textual description of the corporate acti	on. <mark>Custom field.</mark>	
20010	CorpActionStatus	uint32	Ν
	Custom field. 0=Not executed 1=Executed		
20017	ExTime	UTCTimestampMicros	Ν
	When this corporate action takes effect.	Custom field.	
60	TransactTime	UTCTimestampMicros	Ν
	When this corporate action was created	or updated.	
20006	AdjustmentFactorNumerator	uint32	Ν
	The adjustmentfactor of a corporate act denominator and is used when adjusting action. Prices should be multiplied with th divided by the factor. Custom field.	historical values for the corp	orate
20022	AdjustmentFactorDenominator	uint32	Ν
	The adjustmentfactor of a corporate action is the numerator divided by the denominator and is used when adjusting historical values for the corporate action. Prices should be multiplied with the factor while quantities should be divided by the factor. Custom field.		
20007	Dividend	decimal	Ν
	Dividend, 3 decimal precision. Custom fie	eld.	

4.7.2. Corporate Action Report (U1)

The Corporate Action Report is used for unsolicited updates of corporate actions and as a response to a Corporate Action Request. The field CorpUpdateAction is absent (null) in a snapshot response.

CorporateActionReport is sent:

- unsolicited, when a change occurs
- in reply to a *CorporateActionRequest* message, with CorpActionResult set to 0 (Succeeded) and CorpActionReqID set to the value in the request message
- to reject a *CorporateActionRequest* message, with CorpActionResult set to the reject reason and CorpActionReqID set to the value in the request message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
	component block <securityref></securityref>		
20009	CorpActionReqID	String	Ν

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	Unique request identifier. Custom field.		
20012	ActionResult	uint32	Ν
	Result returned to a Corporate Action Request message. <mark>Custom field.</mark> 0=Succeeded (default) 1=Invalid or unsupported request		
912	LastRptRequested	char	Ν
	Indicates that this is the last report which request. 'N'=Not Last Message 'Y'=Last Message	will be returned as a result	of the
20011	CorpUpdateAction	char	Ν
	The update action of an incremental update. Absent in a snapshot response. Cus- tom field. 'A'=Add 'D'=Delete 'M'=Modify		
	component block <corpaction></corpaction>		

4.7.3. Corporate Action Request (U2)

All corporate actions can be requested with the *Corporate Action Request* message. The reply is one or more *Corporate Action Report* messages. The last *Corporate Action Report* message will always be indicated with the *LastRptRequested* field set to 'Y'. In the event that there are no corporate actions a dummy *Corporate Action Report* message with *SecurityID* absent (null) and the *LastRptRequested* field set to 'Y' will be sent as a response. All planned and already executed Corporate Actions will be sent.

In the event of a malformed request, the response will be a *Corporate Action Report* message with the *CorpActionResult* field set to 1 (Invalid or unsupported request).

CorporateActionRequest:

- is replied to with a CorporateActionReport message, with CorpActionResult set to 0 (Succeeded) and CorpActionReqID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *CorporateActionReport* message, with CorpActionResult set to the reject reason and CorpActionReqID set to the value in the request message
- can be rejected with a *BusinessMessageReject* message, with BusinessRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefMsgType set to U2
- can be rejected with a *Reject* message, with SessionRejectReason set to the reject reason and RefSeqNum set to the sequence number of the CorporateActionRequest message

Tag	Field Name	Туре	Req
	component block <standardheader></standardheader>		
20009	CorpActionReqID	String	Y
Unique request identifier. Custom field.			

5. MiFID II Regulatory fields

5.1. Post trade transparency

MiFID II regulatory post-trade information mapping against FIX fields.

- BENCH
 - Private service: SecondaryTrdType(855) = 64 (Benchmark trade)
 - Public service: TradeCondition(277) = 6 (Benchmark trade)
- NPFT
 - TrdPriceCondition(1839) = 15 (Non price forming trade)
- TNCP
 - TrdPriceCondition(1839) = 16 (Trade not contributing to the price discovery process)
- SDIV
 - TrdPriceCondition(1839) = 13 (Special dividend trade)
- ALGO
 - AlgorithmicTrdIndicator(2667) = 1 (Algorithmic trade)
- NLIQ
 - TrdRegPublicationType(2669) = 0 (Pre-trade transparency waiver)
 - TrdRegPublicationReason(2670) = 0 (No preceding order in book as transaction price set within average spread of a liquid instrument)
- OILQ
 - TrdRegPublicationType(2669) = 0 (Pre-trade transparency waiver)
 - TrdRegPublicationReason(2670) = 1 (No preceding order in book as transaction price depends on system-set reference price for an illiquid Instrument)
- PRIC
 - TrdRegPublicationType(2669) = 0 (Pre-trade transparency waiver)
 - TrdRegPublicationReason(2670) = 2 (No preceding order in book as transaction price is subject to conditions other than current market price)

5.2. Order Record Keeping

5.2.1. Description of the different party roles

For EU markets it is mandatory to provide party information on orders and quotes and the information in this chapter applies. If not sure, consult the Market Model or the market place for information on whether it is required to supply party information.

- Only identifiers in the form of short codes are allowed to be sent over the NGM FIX Protocol.
- PartyID values 0-10 are reserved and must not be used to identify any party.
- The short code together with the PartyRoleQualifier is the unique identifier for a mapping.
- Information on the mapping between a short code + role (PartyRoleQualifier) and the actual identifier (National ID, LEI and Algorithm ID) must:
 - never change over time
 - be provided separately, outside the NGM FIX Protocol,

• have been supplied before to the first usage of the short code in the protocol, or latest by the end of the actual calendar day that the short code is first used (see the Market Model for details).

Client Identification

(PartyRole = 3) Used to identify the client of the member or participant of the trading venue.

- In case of that there is no client for an order, the PartyID should be set to 0 (=NONE) for PartyRole = 3.
- In case of aggregated orders, the PartyID should be set to 1 (=AGGR) for PartyRole = 3.
- In case of pending allocations, the PartyID should be set to 2 (=PNAL) for PartyRole = 3.

```
Executing Trader (PartyRole = 12) Used to identify the person or algorithm within the member or participant of the trading venue who is responsible for the execution of the transaction resulting from the order or the quote. Executing Trader is required to be specified on all orders and quotes.
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• In case of the time and venue of the order is instructed by the client of the member or participant of the trading venue the PartyID should be set to 3 (=*CLIENT*) for PartyRole = 12.

Investment Decision Maker	(PartyRole = 122) Used to identify the person or the algorithm
	within the member or participant of the trading venue who is
	responsible for the investment decision.

5.2.2. Orders

- Party information is required on the first submission of an order (New Order Single)
- Party information is not possible to change after the first submission.
- Party information is acknowledged in ExecutionReports.
- If a PartyRole is populated in an order, it is required that the accompanying fields PartySourceID, PartyID and PartyRoleQualifier are also populated.
- Client identification is mandatory for orders.
- Executing Trader (PartyRole = 12) is mandatory for orders.
- Investment Decision Maker (PartyRole = 122) shall not be set when the investment decision was not made by a person or algorithm within the member or participant of the exchange.

5.2.3. Quotes

- Party information is required on the first entry of a quote
- Party information must not be set in subsequent updates of the quote.
- If party information is supplied in updates of a quote, then the update is rejected.
- Party information is only acknowledged in the first QuoteStatusReport.
- If a PartyRole is populated in a quote, it is required that the accompanying fields PartySourceID, PartyID and PartyRoleQualifier are also populated.
- Executing Trader (PartyRole = 12) is mandatory for quotes.
- Investment Decision Maker (PartyRole = 122) shall be set when the investment decision was made by a person or algorithm within the member or participant of the exchange.